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VOL. 16 VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1892. NO. 72

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POSITION OF THE LIBERALS

No Change to be Made in Their Leader or Their Policy on the Trade Question.

Mr. Laurier Reiterates the Party's Belief in the Advantages of Reciprocity.

A Caucus Held This Morning---Mr. Sutherland Selected as the Chief Whip.

OTTAWA, March 23.—A caucus of the Liberal party was held this morning in the railway committee room of the House of Commons. There was a large attendance, and the gathering was one of the most harmonious kind. The only resolution passed at the meeting was one appointing Jas. Sutherland of North Oxford chief whip of the party, in place of James Trow, who is now not in parliament. It is needless to say that the policy of the party continues to be the same as far as the trade question is concerned. This puts an end to stories of Mr. Laurier's resignation.

Mr. Laurier spoke on the Budget in the House to-day. Regarding the statement made last night by Minister Foster respecting the negotiations which took place at Washington on the question of reciprocity, the leader of the Opposition said: "The Liberal party is to-day as much wedded to reciprocity in trade with the United States as ever it was, and is just as confident that it can be secured as we were prior to the statement made by Mr. Foster as a diplomat, and evidently the Finance Minister had no confidence in it himself when he asked Blaine to come to his assistance."

There is but one opinion among the Liberal party on this question, and that is that the Government never intended to negotiate a treaty with the United States. Their own speeches during the bye-elections showed this, as did also the exultant tone of the Finance Minister when he announced the failure of these negotiations amid the rapturous applause of his followers. Some, indeed, go so far as stating that the declarations in the House by the Government regarding their intentions to secure reciprocity have now all the appearance of being made to deceive the people.

Mr. Gordon has given notice of a bill to amend the Chinese act, so as to insure further restrictions. The bill provides that a vessel can only carry one Chinaman to every one hundred tons registered, instead of one to every fifty, as is now the case. The bill also has a clause to abolish all return certificates after four months subsequent to the passing of the bill, thus giving time to those who have certificates to return within that time, and that after the passing of the bill no such certificates be issued. It is doubtful if the Government will allow the bill to pass.

The King of the Gilbert Islands.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23.—The object of the visit to the United States of King Tubrimo of the Gilbert Islands, who is now in the city, has just come to light. He states that he had long desired the protection of the United States, and wanted to raise the American flag over the islands. With that end in view he had come to this country, but had seen such wonderful sights since his arrival, and was so lost in bewilderment at the novelty, immensity and magnificence of everything that met his eye, as compared with his native land, that his real purpose had been for the time completely lost sight of. He said he would like very much to go to Washington to see the "King" of this country and have a talk with him. He was confident they could easily come to satisfactory arrangements, but he thinks now that he cannot make the journey. He is obliged to return home in a week or two by the same vessel on which he came, and will have no time to make a long trip.

A War of Extermination.

LIMA, Peru, March 22.—The Indians in the northern Bolivian provinces continue to wage their war of extermination against the white settlers. More than 30,000 are said to be on the war path, led by a new Messiah, and their numbers are being daily increased by reinforcements from the Gran Chaco provinces of Brazil and the Argentine Republic, as well as the small semi-savage tribes along the Peruvian border. The whites are fleeing south to seek refuge in the large and better fortified Bolivian towns. The question has grown so serious that President San Arco is considering the suggestion of the ministers of foreign affairs and war to request assistance from Brazil, the Argentine Republic and Peru to quell the outbreak. Latest advices report that the Indians are making forced marches in the direction of the capital, with torch and tomakawk in hand, burning houses, murdering helpless children and carrying away women.

Steamer West Indian Wrecked.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23.—A dispatch to the Merchants Exchange this morning says the British steamer West Indian on her return trip from Chili for San Francisco went ashore yesterday at Acajutla, San Salvador, and is a total loss. Her crew and part of the cargo were saved. The dispatch further states that an earthquake was the cause of the disaster. The West Indian carried a cargo of coffee valued at $250,000. The vessel was worth about $75,000.

The Deadly Cigarette.

SACRAMENTO, March 23.—Ex-Governor Newton Booth is slowly dying from cancer of the throat, which is believed to have originated from excessive smoking of cigarettes.

A Gerrymander Sat On.

MADISON, Wis., March 23.—The Supreme Court of the State has declared the apportionment bill passed by the last Legislature unconstitutional, and therefore void.

NEW WESTMINSTER NOTES.

The Legislature and the Kennedys---The Railway Strike.

NEW WESTMINSTER, March 23.—Feeling is running high over the action of the Local Legislature in calling upon Kennedy Bros., proprietors of the Columbian, to appear before the bar of the House for alleged libelous statements against Attorney-General Davie and the private bills committee in connection with the Twin City bill. George Kennedy when interviewed refused to say what course they would take in the matter. There are lawyers who question the right of the House to summons the Kennedys. Sympathizers with the Columbian propose to hold a big demonstration and do all in their power to back up the utterances of the Columbian. Others think the Columbian overstepped the mark.

Agent Johnson, of the Canadian Pacific, this morning received important newspy wire as to the developments of the strike. He was asked about the dispatches, but refused any information.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Present to a Pioneer---Body Washed Ashore ---Many Deaths.

NANAIMO, March 23.—Mr. A. Mayer, one of the oldest pioneer residents of the city, was presented with a beautiful gold watch by the members of the Ashlar Lodge of Masons, on Monday night. Mr. Mayer is about to leave the city for San Francisco, where he will remain permanently, and his brother Masons felt they could not allow him to leave before showing him that they appreciated his past services. The address accompanying the presentation was beautifully worded, expressing how much the donor is held in esteem. Mr. Mayer made a suitable reply in acceptance of the costly jewel, and hoped he would live many years yet to wear it.

A body was washed ashore between the New Vancouver Coal Company's wharves yesterday, and from several identifications it is claimed to be that of John Doyle, assistant steward of the bark Oregon. It will be remembered it was surmised the deceased had thus met his death, as his sudden disappearance left his shipmates to suppose. The features of the drowned man were destroyed, probably by the fish, of which the harbor is full. Mr. J. P. Planta, coroner, held an inquest on the body to-day, and a verdict of "found drowned" was returned by the jury.

At the meeting of the city council last evening all important business was laid over until next week on account of many of the aldermen being absent. The applications for the position of city clerk's assistant were not opened. No new applications will, however, be accepted.

There were several deaths registered here yesterday; so many being registered at one time is quite unusual. An old pioneer remarked yesterday: "Sixteen years ago we used to have a funeral once a year, but now it appears we have one every day."

THE RAILWAY STRIKE.

The Situation Practically Unchanged---Sympathy for Sam Greer.

VANCOUVER, March 23.—The situation here in regard to the strike is practically unchanged. The trainmen generally are out, and the officials are filling their places as best they can. Passenger trains are moving out on time, but are delayed inwards from five to ten hours. The men say that so far as the company is concerned the chief reason for going out, though their pay is not equal to that paid by other transcontinental lines, is the alternative presented of either giving up their relations with the brotherhood or going out of the service. They preferred the latter to yielding their independence. On the other hand Supt. Abbott claims that only in one case, where an official exceeded his instructions, was this pledge of fealty demanded, and that the men are well paid and have no grievances. It was with great regret that he received their decision to strike, as they are all good men and more efficient and trustworthy are not to be found on the whole C.P.R. system. However, having gone out at the dictation of the brotherhood there is no hope of their being reinstated, since the most friendly and generous overtures on the part of the company have been rejected. It is thought that there will be no difficulty in replacing all the men and re-establishing regular service. It is just a question now as to how long the strike will last and the service remain disorganized. At present there are fears of trade being seriously affected, owing to the block in freight. Flour and beef are almost certain to become scarce and high, the local supply being already short in the former. In regard to beef, if the quarantine regulations go into effect and the strike continues the situation will become serious. So far the engineers have held aloof, but they may refuse to go through the mountains with inefficient hands as a matter of personal safety.

Much sympathy is felt here on behalf of Sam Greer, who has had to go back to prison to serve out his term. It was generally felt that either the judgment of the Chief Justice would be reversed or modified, or he would be allowed to to go on suspended sentence.

C.P.R. STRIKE SETTLED.

News received just as the TIMES goes to press says the C.P.R. strike is settled and the men have gone back to work.

Fire at Boston.

BOSTON, March 23.—Henderson Bros', carriage factory, North Cambridge, was burned yesterday with adjoining tenement houses. Loss, $30,000.

The perfume of violets, the purity of the lily, the glow of the rose, and the flush of Hebee combine in *Pozzoni's* wondrous Powder.

WASHINGTON TALL TALK

The President Insisting on a More "Definite" Reply From Lord Salisbury.

Threats to Exclude the Canadian Sealers From the Behring Sea Repeated.

"All the Military Force of the United States" to be Used in the Work if Necessary.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—President Harrison was last night engaged in preparing a reply to Lord Salisbury's unsatisfactory note, which will be handed to Sir Julian Pauncefote probably to-day, with the request that it be cabled to London without delay. There is every reason to believe that President Harrison has taken just as firm a stand in this matter as he did in the Chilean affair, and that he will refuse to take back water or take a step not entirely in consonance with his exalted idea of American rights and honor. Salisbury's irritating notes have been characterized by everyone as triviality. In his communication the President will ask for a straightforward statement and the announcement of a definite policy on the part of the British Government, and will say very plainly that this country proposes to act in an honest and vigorous manner throughout. The secretary of the navy has said that if necessary four cruisers and four revenue cutters would be sent to the Behring Sea, and that their captains would be instructed to act the same as if there was not a British war vessel within a thousand leagues. So far no orders have been sent to the commanders of the cruisers, except that they hold themselves in readiness. A prominent senator who has taken a leading part in the Behring dispute in the executive sessions of the Senate said to-day: "You can tell your people on the Pacific coast that no division of sentiment exists on the seal question among the senators. Irrespective of party, they are unanimous in their support of the administration. They think as if with one mind."

Private Secretary Pruden appeared in the Senate immediately on assembling with a message from the President. He presented the correspondence with Great Britain on the Behring Sea matter, which was transmitted by the President under secrecy, and will not be made public until the Senate so orders. The reading of Salisbury's note refusing to consent to renew the modus vivendi and making a counter proposition was received with ill suppressed irritation by the Senate. The note is evasive and equivocating. The President's rejoinder broadly hints that Salisbury has not met his overture in a straightforward manner. He insists on a renewal of the modus vivendi without reference to insignificant, irrelevant conditions and closes with the stirring assertion that if Great Britain declines to assist in the protecting of the seals during arbitration he will proceed to enforce the laws and exclude poachers from the sea if the military forces of the United States are required to accomplish it. The note created a sensation in the Senate. After a half hour's discussion the correspondence was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

The English Coal Miners.

LONDON, March 22.—The Nottingham miners, numbering 23,000, resumed work at the usual hour yesterday morning. As a result the price of coal in the district declined three shillings per ton. The miners in other districts, excepting Durham, also returned to work. Ninety two thousand men are still out in the Durham district. The striking miners did succeed in creating a panic, by which the price of coal was forced up to a point whence it has already begun to fall. It was the coal ring which chiefly profited by this artificial increase, not to artificial scarcity, but to the apprehension of scarcity. A rise could do no good for the miners unless it were permanent. The price of coal in London fell yesterday $1.50 per ton. There is a glut in the coal market, and no business doing. A further fall is certain, and the large and entirely dishonest profits of the coal ring have come to an end. Another effort is to be made by the blind leaders of these blind colliers. They have voted to work only five days in the week, adding in the flippant tone with which they habitually discuss vast concerns, that the general pay day each week shall be Monday. As many of them have usually worked not more than four days in the week, the reduction is less important than it seems. The former has had a powerful ally in the Durham strike, which was independent of the Yorkshire movement, and proceeded on different grounds. Were it not for the Durham strike, it is doubtful if the colliery owners would take back their miners at the same wages as before. It is even now doubtful, and it is still more doubtful whether, if they do, they will continue paying the present rates owing to the reduction in the demand for coal and the drop in price. Wages must in the long run go down. Vast mischief has been done in the meanwhile. The miners are poorer by the loss of a week's wages, amounting to at least $2,000,000.

Deeming was Once in Canada.

MELBOURNE, March 23.—It is alleged that Deeming was engaged in land swindling operations in Canada in 1884, and afterwards became a watch dealer and decamped with a number of watches intrusted to him by settlers. The finds at Perth include a long knife, sharp as a razor, with a bloody handle. The murderer was conveyed secretly to the court house. The proceedings were brief, owing to an informality in the warrant to remit the prisoner to Melbourne. The police have secured a letter written by Deeming, which it is said contains ample proof that he tried to entice Miss Rousevelt, a young woman of Sydney, into marriage with him after he had murdered his wife at Windsor, for which crime he is now under arrest, and which led to the terrible revelations at Rainhill.

ANTWERP, March 23.—It has been discovered by the authorities here that Deeming, the wife murderer, visited this city on two different occasions, and was known as Lord Dunn. He moved in good circles, but finally became involved in swindles and was forced to leave the city in disgrace.

British Defeat in Senegambia.

LONDON, March 23.—Advices from Freetown, Sierra Leone, gives further particulars of the recent disaster to the British expedition in Senegambia. An expedition consisting of 150 troops and seven British officers marched to Tambi, a place 100 miles inland. Finding the place stockaded and defended by 2000 natives, the expedition made an assault, and after three hours' hard fighting was repulsed. Captain Robinson was killed. The leading men, emboldened by victory, then sallied from the stockade and attacked the expedition. In this encounter five British officers and 20 men were severely wounded. The expedition at once retreated.

The British Parliament.

LONDON, March 23.—In the Commons to-day Mr. Ferguson, Postmaster-general, in opposing a private bill for the establishment of a new telephone company announced that the Government would promote a measure placing telephone trunk lines in the hands of the Post Office Department. In reply to a question Mr. Stanhope, Secretary for War, stated that he had telegraphed for information regarding the punishment of soldiers at Aldershot for wearing the Shamrock on St. Patrick's day when they were in dress uniform. After some debate the Irish education bill passed the first reading without a division.

Arthur Goring Thomas' Death.

LONDON, March 23.—Arthur Goring Thomas, the well known writer of operas, who committed suicide yesterday by throwing himself before a train on the Metropolitan Railway, was returning from a visit to his brother at the time of his death. He either fell or threw himself on the track. A bystander clutched his coat, but was obliged to let go to save himself. Thomas received fatal injuries and expired immediately. He had long suffered from dizziness, which at times led to accidents. For this reason an impression prevails in some quarters that he did not commit suicide.

Revolt in Burmah.

CALCUTTA, March 23.—The revolt of the Lushai tribes, who occupy the country east of the Sonair River, in Northern Burmah, is extending and it is expected that its suppression will entail extensive military operations. The trouble had its origin in an order issued by a British civil officer. There have been several encounters, in all of which the natives were defeated with loss, but they are not discouraged, and now come reports that the western Lushai are about to join in the rising. Three hundred men of the Bengal infantry have been sent from Silbar to aid the force now in the field.

Trouble in South-Eastern Africa.

MOZAMBIQUE, March 22.—A dispatch from Quilimane, which is besieged by 6,000 natives, states that the blacks have assumed a most menacing attitude and momentarily threaten to attack, and that every man and boy in Quilimane capable of handling a gun is armed. The British torpedo cruiser Mohawk has been ordered to Quilimane from Mozambique. A Portuguese gunboat with 100 soldiers on board has already been dispatched.

Object to Forcible Conversion.

VIENNA, March 23.—A Lemberg paper reports a serious uprising in eastern Siberia, resulting from the forced conversion of Buddists by Russian orthodox missionaries. Many mongols have immigrated to China. Others have armed themselves, routed the missionaries and compelled the Russian authorities to take refuge in the fortress at Tiumen. The revolt is spreading over Tobolsk and Tomsk.

Desperate Hungarians.

BUDA PESTH, March 23.—Great distress still prevails in Northern Hungary, in spite of the relief measures of the government. At Orecllo the peasants, dissatisfied with the distribution of relief provisions, barracaded the house of the burgomaster and set fire to it, intending to burn him and his family. They were rescued only after a desperate conflict.

Expelled From the House of Commons.

LONDON, March 23.—In the House of Commons George Woodyate Hastings, Liberal Unionist member for the eastern division of Worcestershire, convicted of appropriating moneys and securities received as a trustee under the will of John Brown and sentenced to five years' penal servitude, was expelled.

Bismarck's Sudden Illness.

BERLIN, March 22.—Prince Bismarck is suffering from sudden illness. It was his intention to proceed to Ratzenburg to-morrow to attend a meeting of the district assembly, but illness compelled its abandonment.

The Last Sad Rites.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Mullins took place this morning at 8:30 from the residence, Centre road, and at 9 o'clock from the R.C. pro-cathedral. Rev. Father Nicolaye officiated at the church and Rev. Father Goethem at the grave.

The Ball Family will sing at the Gorge road Methodist church Wednesday evening, March 23rd, at 8 o'clock. Admission 25 cents.

Get your lace curtains done, get your fine flannels done, by all means get your shirts and collars done at the Victoria Steam Laundry.

THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Lo, What Dignity Enshrouds the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia!

The Daily Columbian, Established by Honest John, Becomes Too Outspoken.

The Government's Complete Control Over the Police and the Liquor Interest.

TUESDAY March 22, 1892.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock.

Dr. Milne presented a petition from residents of Saanich and Sooke, complaining of the bad condition of roads in those districts.

Hon. Mr. Turner presented returns of statement of accounts of Province up to 31st December, 1891, as asked for by Mr. Beaven. The returns at the request of Mr. Beaven were ordered to be printed.

THE COLONIZATION BILL.

On motion of Mr. Turner the House went into committee on the bill to authorize an agreement with Her Majesty's Government for the settling of fishermen and others in British Columbia.

Mr. Beaven complained that he had not time to look into this matter, and it was one which required careful consideration.

Hon. Mr. Turner said he proposed to give a full explanation on the second reading. This was only a formal motion.

Hon. Mr. Robson agreed with Mr. Turner. If the principle of the bill was discussed now, the House would have to fight the battle over on the second reading.

Hon. Mr. Turner moved that the bill be reported to the House.

Mr. Cotton thought the Finance Minister should give the House particulars. The bill dealt with a most important matter. It proposed to give three-fourths of a million dollars and 1,000,000 acres of land.

Mr. Semlin endorsed the expressions of Mr. Cotton. The Government members must know the principle of the bill and should make them known to the House. It would be unwise to pass a bill not knowing its conditions and terms. He was opposed to recommending an expenditure to provide for a colonization scheme without receiving the details of the scheme.

Mr. Beaven suggested that the consideration of the bill in committee should be postponed until the Government were prepared to present the matter intelligently before the House. It was essential that the committee should have the fullest details before the bill was reported to the House. It would be doing injustice all round not to give this information.

Col. Baker claimed that no advantage would be gained by having the bill explained in committee and also on the second reading

Dr. Milne contended it was necessary that the bill should be explained before it could be discussed, and in committee was certainly where it should be discussed.

Hon. Mr. Turner held that money bills of greater importance than the one before the committee were treated in the same way. It was only a formal motion and was merely dealing with the Governor's message.

Hon. Mr. Davie was surprised at the Opposition objecting to the procedure proposed, which he held was the recognized practice of the House. The bill should be reported in the next discussion as a matter of courtesy to the Lieutenant-Governor. It would be the grossest discourtesy not to receive the message of the Governor.

Mr. Brown said it was not treating the House fairly to ask it to report this bill without its knowing anything about it, and was certainly in opposition to the practice of the House. The bill proposed to expend three-quarters of a million of dollars to bring out 1250 crofters to work for a company. It was obvious that such a proposition required consideration.

Hon. Mr. Beaven, in answer to the attorney general, said it would be discourtesy not to consider the principle of the bill and to depart from parliamentary procedure. According to the British North American Act on bill appropriating moneys, the House should not pass upon such a bill without the principle of the bill being first explained. The House did not wish to have this bill thrust down its throat by force.

Hon. Mr. Pooley maintained that the bill was not open to discussion until its principles were explained. The course proposed was the proper method to deal with such bills which should not be gone through rapidly.

The motion carried and the committee rose and reported the bill to the House.

Hon. Mr. Turner moved the first reading of an act to authorize an agreement with Her Majesty's Government for the settling of fishermen and others in British Columbia.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said, if this bill had been brought in in the usual manner with two full days' notice of introduction he would not have objected. But the procedure now being taken, or attempted to be taken, was entirely irregular. This bill could not be rushed through the House in the manner proposed by the honorable member, like an ordinary bill. His attempt plainly showed the fallacy of the arguments used by the members of the Government, and that they themselves do not believe what they are talking about.

The bill was read a first time, and the second reading set for Friday next.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Better read it a second time now. It would be just as ridiculous.

House went into committee of the whole on the message of His Honor the Lieutenant Governor with bill 62, an act to encourage the deep sea fisheries of British Columbia.

Hon. Mr. Turner moved that the bill be reported to the House.

Mr. Cotton said this was all a farce. The same thing was done with bill 61. He would like to ask the hon. members how much better informed they would be on Friday to discuss this bill than they were now. He could not see how anything was to be gained by putting off the consideration of the bill. He had been struck by the discrepancy between the statements made by the hon. Minister of Finance and the Attorney-General. It seemed as if they wanted the second reading before the first. (Laughter.)

Hon. Mr. Beaven—That is what they will want to do next. (Laughter.)

Mr. Cotton continuing said the Government were merely trying to block business. He could not see how intelligent discussion could be expected upon those bills unless they had a chance to read them, and there would be no chance at all to discuss them if the debate was adjourned as had been proposed. The Government ought to allow the members an opportunity to study the details.

Col. Baker at some length explained how the hon. members of the Opposition could study the bills. If they would courteously request the Government to grant time, no doubt it would be done. There seemed to him to be some undercurrent at work against these two bills. why could not the members who held such feelings come forward and throw the bills out altogether?

Mr. Kitchen said he wanted information as to what the bills meant; their object and scope. He objected to bills being brought down and the members asked to adopt them without an explanation. There were four clauses in one of the bills all of which contained the words, "the Lieut.-Governor shall," etc. Certainly some information ought to be given as to details. If they went to second reading they had only one say in the matter. How could they be expected to discuss upon a subject about which they knew nothing?

Mr. Hall made a facetious speech ridiculing the plea of the hon. members of the Opposition for further information, contending that the procedure now being adopted was proper.

Mr. Keith said he had often heard Mr. Hall's eloquence referred to, but this was the first opportunity he had enjoyed of listening to it in its full brilliance. But Mr. Hall was perhaps only talking nonsense.

Mr. Hall—Is that parliamentary language, Mr. Chairman?

Mr. Keith—I only said you had been talking nonsense and I leave it to the chairman if that is not parliamentary language.

Mr. Sword thought it was ridiculous to push this bill forward in such a manner. It was all very well for Mr. Hall to pick up the bill and read "an act to encourage the deep sea fisheries of British Columbia," and say "there, now, there's a magnificent principle to endorse." (Laughter.) But the object was one thing and principle another. Mr. Sword complained of the short time allowed to peruse the bill.

On motion the resolution to report the bill was adopted.

Committee rose and reported the resolution with the bill. Bill read a first time and second reading set for Friday.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Mr. Martin rose to a question of privilege and said he proposed to call the attention of the House to the most scandalous, insulting letter that ever appeared in the columns of a British Columbia newspaper. It was a gross outrage and deliberate insult to the members of the private bills committee and to the House. It had been said that the speaker had said that the tramway bill referred to should be killed; he denied this and said it was a downright falsehood.

The Speaker—The honorable member will have to name the paper containing the matter referred to.

Mr. Martin—Yes, sir; it is the Daily Columbian, of New Westminster, of the date of March 17th, and I must say that a more scandalous letter, a grosser insult to any body of gentlemen was never published. Mr. Martin then read a lengthy extract from the letter mentioned and signed "Vox Populi." It was an attack couched in very strong language charging the private bills committee with "improper motives," "rottenness" and "crookedness," "venality," etc., in dealing with the Twin Cities Tramway Bill. Extracts from a long editorial in the same issue of the paper were also read, and they were even more vigorous than those in the letter. It was this same paper that last year flung the sneer at him that he "represented only a few Indians and half-breeds up in the mountains somewhere" (laughter). He did not feel this personally so much as he did on account of his constituents. It was a wanton, uncalled for libel and insult. He would put it to the honorable members of this House if his constituents were not as good, sensible and intelligent a community as any in British Columbia (hear, hear). They are quite as good as the person or persons who hurled the offensive and insulting slander at them through him. (Applause.)

Mr. Eberts rose also to a question of privilege and said the article in the Columbian was one of the most insulting and libellous it had ever been his lot to read. It was simply outrageous. It was too bad that honorable members of this House should be compelled to put up with the taunts and sneers of men who in their hearts are cowards. (Applause.) And he would say that the man who wrote that article is a coward. And the man who prompted it to be written is also a coward. (Sensation.) No one had a more profound respect for the dignity and privileges of the House than he, but he could assure the hon. members that if he knew who wrote that article and were to meet him there might not be a breach of the privileges of the House, but there would most certainly be a breach of the peace. (Laughter.) For his own part, as a member of that committee, he had acted in the matter from the best impulses and most disinterested motives, both fairly and justly. His conduct upon that occasion he felt sure would meet with the commendation of the members of this House. The latter part of the article referred to accuses the members of being venal in their actions, and of infamous and unscrupulous attempts to defeat certain objects. If the members of the committee had done other than they have done then their action would have been "infamous and unscrupulous." This article was an impudent, libellous attack on the members of that committee; and also an attack on the freedom of parliament. He would ask the protection of the Speaker against such insulting and slanderous attacks. (Governmental applause.)

Mr. Keith said that as a member of the private bills committee he must say that the article was a very gross insult to that committee. For himself he could say that he had been actuated by the very best motives, and he thought the members had every right to look for protection from the wanton insults of wanton newspapers, and from those who write for newspapers. He had listened with pleasure to Mr. Ebert's eloquent defence of himself and the committee, and had little to add thereto. It would be an injustice to the House and to their constituents to remain silent and let a gross insult like this pass unheeded. It was altogether unfair and unjust and this House ought to take steps to protect itself against such insult. The more he looked at the article the more indignant he became to think that such a thing as this should be circulated around this province. He failed to see what could have made the writer turn out such matter. He did not understand it. Very strong steps ought to be taken in this matter.

Mr. Brown on rising said a great deal of noise was being made over this affair. The paper in which the alleged libellous article appeared was well known as being as a rule the ablest and most outspoken in the province, and it gives the ablest and fairest reports of the debates of this House (laughter and humorous remarks from the Government benches). It was ridiculous to assert that the editor of the Columbian had any intention of insinuating that the members of this committee were open to corruption and bribery. From his knowledge of the editor of that paper he did not think he could make any such statement, or even insinuate anything of the kind. There was one thing certain, the feeling in the community in that place must have been very strong, exceedingly strong to produce such an editorial. The interpretation he placed upon the statements of the editor were that he merely wished to show that the actions of the committee had been high handed, that was all.

Col. Baker said it was right and proper that the dignity of this House should be defended on all occasions. That dignity had been offended in a very gross manner by the editor of the Columbian. He thought Mr. Brown's defence and excuses of that person ridiculous. That gentleman (Mr. Brown) had said that personally he had

continued on page 6.

LOOK HERE, YOUNG MAN!

When you take out those spring suits of last year, and notice that

THEY ARE GETTING SHABBY!

Your best plan is to visit

CAMERON THE CASH CLOTHIER.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

JAMES ALLISON—Late proprietor of the Caledonian Dye Works, has removed the Paisley Dye Works to 116 Yates street, where he will be glad to be visited by his old customers. Ladies' and Gents' clothing cleaned and dyed. Silks and fancy dyeing and steam finishing a specialty. mh4

TRAM STOCK FOR SALE.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO 6 p.m. Saturday April 9th, 1892, for the purchase of two hundred and sixty shares in the National Electric Tramway Co., Victoria. Tenders for the whole or in blocks as per certificate of 100 shares, 65 shares, 55 shares, 40 shares.

THOMAS HOOPER,
Over Spencer's Arcade, Government street, Victoria. m22-td

STEAMBOATS.

C. P. N. CO.'S STEAMER

MAUDE

CAPT. ROBERTS.

WILL LEAVE SPRATT'S WHARF

—FOR—

Alberni & Barclay Sound Ports

ON

MARCH 27.

AT 6 P.M. SHARP.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
m12-td

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 7 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Walla Walla - - - - March 26

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

NOTICE.

COMMENCING TUESDAY, MARCH 15TH, the steamer "City of Seattle" will be laid up for repairs, being succeeded on the Whatcom Route by the steamer "Premier." On the same date the steamer "Eliza Anderson" will be taken off the Everett Route.

G. G. CHANDLER,
mh17-ap1 G. P. & P. A.

A large assortment of lace and art curtains, art muslins, cretonnes, etc., at Weiler Bros. *

35 CENTS - A - BOTTLE

USE IT FOR

Difficulty of Breathing
Tightness of the Chest
Wasting Away of Flesh
Throat Troubles
Consumption
Bronchitis, Weak Lungs
Asthma, Coughs
Catarrh, Colds

DR. T. A. SLOCUM'S

Oxygenized Emulsion of Pure

COD LIVER OIL

TASTELESS

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

LABORATORY, TORONTO, ONT

STEAMBOATS.

HO! FOR THE EAST!!

The Upton Line of Steamships

GOOD PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION

$300!! $300!! $300!!

Round Trip to Yokohama, Kobe and Hongkong, good for six months, only $300, including all stop-over privileges, sailing monthly from Victoria.

SS. ZAMBESI

Due 11th March, via Honolulu.

SS. ROMULUS

Due 25th March.

Passengers are assured of every attention, comfort and civility while on board. For further particulars and every information apply to

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.
131 Government street, Victoria, B.C. jy8

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, April 12, 1892, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer

MONOWAI .... THURSDAY, March 31st, 1892, 2 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.
oc7 General Agents

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.... Tuesday, 5 a.m
" Nanaimo for Comox.... Wednesday, 7 a.m
" Comox for Nanaimo.... Friday, 7 a.m
" Nanaimo for Victoria.... Saturday 7 a.m

For freight or passage apply on board. oc17

Puget Sound and Alaska Steamship Co.

TIME CARD.

VICTORIA ROUTE.

STEAMSHIP CITY OF KINGSTON

8:00 a.m.....*Lv Tacoma Ar ..... 5:15 a.m.
10:15 a.m......Lv Seattle Lv...... 3:00 a.m.
1:30 p.m......Lv Pt Towns'd Lv......11:45 p.m.
4:30 p.m......Ar Victoria Lv†..... 8:30 p.m.

PORT TOWNSEND (MAIL) ROUTE.

11:00 p.m......*Lv Seattle Ar...... 3:00 p.m.
12:30 a.m......Lv Pt Madison Lv...... 2:10 p.m.
..........Lv Kingston Lv..........
3:00 a.m......Lv Pt Gamble Lv......11:00 a.m.
4:00 a.m......Lv Pt Ludlow Lv......10:00 a.m.
6:00 a.m......Ar Pt Towns'd Lv‡..... 8:00 a.m.

SNOHOMISH RIVER ROUTE.

7:00 a.m......*Lv Seattle Ar...... 2:00 p.m.
8:45 a.m......Lv Edmonds Lv......12:30 p.m.
10:30 a.m......Lv Mukilteo Lv......10:45 a.m.
11:00 a.m......Lv Everett Lv...... 9:45 a.m.
12:00 m......Lv Marysville Lv...... 9:30 a.m.
2:00 p.m......Lv Lowell Lv...... 8:00 a.m.
3:00 p.m......Ar Snohomish Lv*..... 7:00 a.m.

*Daily except Sunday. †Daily except Saturday ‡Daily except Monday.

Snohomish River steamer leaves Tacoma, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 6:00 p.m.

Steamer City of Kingston makes close connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

G. G. CHANDLER,
ja18 G. F. & P. A., Tacoma, Wash.

UNION PACIFIC

Steamer leaves foot of Yates St.

EVERY MORNING

(Except Saturday)

—FOR—

Port Townsend, Seattle and Tacoma

AT 7 A.M.

For further information regarding

STEAMSHIP ::: TICKETS

—AND—

CHEAP TICKETS TO ALL POINTS

IN UNITED STATES AND CANADA

Call on or address,

C. G. RAWLINGS,
General Agent.
100 GOVERNMENT STREET. fe2

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 16,

Taking effect Jan. 15, 1892.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 27th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 15.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Tuesday, October 20th, 1891.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Going South, Read Up: Miles from Wellington	No. 1 Passenger Daily	No. 3 Passenger Sat. and Sun.	Stations	Going North, Read Down: No. 2 Passenger Daily	No. 4 Passenger Sat. and Sun.	Miles from Victoria
78	Ar. 12:24 P M	Ar. 5:58 P M	VICTORIA	De. 8:00 A M	De. 2:30 P M	
77	" 12:20	" 5:54	RUSSELL'S	" 8:04	2:34	1
74	" 12:10	" 5:44	ESQUIMALT	" 8:14	2:44	4
67	" 11:45 A M	" 5:19	GOLDSTREAM	" 8:59	3:09	11
60	" 10:50	" 4:24	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	" 9:34	4:04	28
47	" 10:40	" 4:14	COBBLE HILL	" 9:44	4:14	31
43	" 10:27	3:59	McPHERSON'S	" 9:57	4:29	35
40	" 10:17	" 3:49	KOKSILAH	10:07	" 4:39	38
38	" 10:12	" 3:44	DUNCAN'S	" 10:12	" 4:44	40
35	" 10:02	" 3:34	SOMENOS	" 10:22	" 4:54	43
25	" 9:36	" 3:12	CHEMAINUS	" 10:48	" 5:16	53
	De. 8:34		NANAIMO	Ar. 11:50	" 6:14	
5	Ar. 8:25	" 2:14	NANAIMO	De. 11:59		
	De. 8:10	De. 1:59	WELLINGTON	Ar. 12:14 P M	Ar. 6:29	

ON SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR,
oc1 Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

—THE—

HIGHWAY OF THE WORLD.

DAILY THROUGH TRAINS

—TO ALL—

EASTERN POINTS.

$5 and $10 cheaper than by any other line. Passengers booked to and from all

EUROPEAN POINTS

Tickets now on sale for

ROUND THE WORLD EXCURSIONS,

Good to go in either direction.

For time tables and full information apply to

D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Fgt. & Pass. Agt., Vancouver, B.C.
ALLAN CAMERON, Fgt. & Pass. Agent, Corner Government and Fort sts., Victoria, B.C. au14

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

THOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 110 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

—THE—

Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed.

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of late equipment.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

—ELEGANT DAY COACHES.—

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 121 First St. cor Washington, Portland Or
G. G. CHANDLER, General Agent, Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.
E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria B. C.

NEW SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS
97 JOHNSON STREET.
Good Value. Low Prices.

BRITISH COLUMBIA COMMERCE.

"Bradstreet's" Offers Some Comments on the Reports of Consul Myers.

A very full report on the commerce and products of British Columbia has been made public by Consul Levi P. Myers, at Victoria, says Bradstreet's of the 12th inst. The population of British Columbia is not large, about 92,000, the chief occupations being coal, gold and silver mining, production of lumber, salmon and seal fishing. The foreign trade of British Columbia is naturally centered with Great Britain and the United States, and up to 1888 the value of imports exceeded that of exports by one-third to one-fourth. But in that year exports exceeded the imports, as has been the case annually ever since. The values of exports and imports for the fiscal years ended June 30, were as follows:

FISCAL YEAR.	IMPORTS.	EXPORTS.
1886	$4,011,726	$2,953,616
1887	3,626,139	2,478,270
1888	3,404,209	3,923,077
1889	3,809,789	4,334,306
1890	4,387,486	5,636,725

This reversal of trade statistics is said to have been brought about by the development of the coal and mining and lumber industries and the enlargement of the salmon and seal fisheries.

British Columbia imports nearly all its breadstuffs from the United States, and a large proportion of its cured meats; the latter from Chicago, Ill., and Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Breadstuffs are obtained principally from the states of Washington and Oregon, and fruits from Oregon and California. Cattle, swine and sheep are imported from Washington and Oregon in large numbers, and furnish nearly all the fresh meats for Victoria and Vancouver Island, also a very large proportion of that consumed on the mainland.

From the United States also, British Columbia gets nearly all its staple, cereals, flour, cotton goods, fruits, chinaware, shoes, machinery, tobacco and vegetables. It is added that the chief articles of import from Great Britain into British Columbia are ale, beer, porter; supplies for the government army and navy; manufactures of cotton, flax and hemp; glassware, iron, tin, lead, spirits and wines, salt, seines, laces and millinery and wooden goods. Rice is imported from China and Siam in considerable quantities, teas from China and Japan, and fancy wines from France.

The chief articles of export from our nearest north Pacific neighbor are canned salmon, coal, lumber, sealskins, furs, gold-bearing quartz, gold dust and bullion. In the fiscal year 1889-90 the quantity of canned salmon shipped to Great Britain was 16,671,729 pounds, valued at $1,923,271, and to other countries as follows: United States 463,684 pounds, Argentine Republic 16,800 pounds, Australia 662,400 pounds, China 38,505 pounds, Chile 47,370 pounds and Japan 10,080 pounds. For the same year the export of coal amounted to 500,534 tons, of which 494,301 tons went to San Francisco and points in the southwest. Other shipments were: Hong Kong 1855 tons, Japan 1800 tons, Sandwich Islands 2578 tons. The coal mines are located on Vancouver Island, and "are practically inexhaustible"; the quality is superior to any other in the vicinity of Puget sound.

The lumber industry is in its infancy, but a larger proportion of the mills are owned by citizens of the United States. Australia, Chili, Peru and China are the principal markets for this product. The total of boards exported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890, was valued at $317,951. The sealskins exported are about evenly divided between Great Britain and the United States. The total value for the year indicated was $290,376. Of other furs—bear, mink, wolf, fox, deer—the total value was $246,242, the proportion going to the United States being valued at $215,178.

The entire shipments of gold dust, gold-bearing quartz and nuggets go to the United States, and for the period named were valued at $375,964. For 1886 the value of these products shipped to the United States was $746,690, and there has been a decrease of about $75,000 each year since. All bullion exported goes to the United States. Manufactures of clothing, liquors, musical instruments, etc., that are exported, are as a rule imported from some other country and then exported.

The values of imports into and exports from British Columbia (from and to the three countries constituting her leading customers) for five years were as follows:

Imports Great from Britain	United States	China	Totals, all countries
1886..$1,243,329	$2,258,442	$451,405	$4,011,726
1887.. 793,434	2,059,035	663,727	3,626,139
1888.. 837,170	2,042,927	420,435	3,404,209
1889.. 970,139	2,321,954	396,070	3,809,786
1890.. 1,211,058	2,559,425	445,508	4,387,486
Exports Great to Britain	**United States**	**Australia**	**Totals, all countries**
1886..$ 650,639	$2,062,335	$148,123	$2,953,616
1887.. 812,787	2,326,764	160,676	3,478,270
1888.. 1,638,787	2,287,155	300,093	3,923,077
1889.. 853,435	2,819,185	423,953	4,334,306
1890.. 2,103,265	3,125,176	178,699	5,636,725

Vancouver, the capital, is the western terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway and the point of transfer of that company's large business with Asia. More than half of the general business of the entire province, foreign and domestic, is transacted at Vancouver. Our consul there writes that most of the American products imported into British Columbia are delivered directly in the Province by American transportation lines, and many products from other countries, including Great Britain.

Fruits and wines of California are taken to Victoria from San Francisco by steamer, and thence distributed by local steamers and rail. Dressed meat, live stock, grain, flour and a large proportion of manufactures are taken by the Northern Pacific Railway and transferred on steamers at Seattle and Tacoma and brought to Vancouver. In the Kootenay mining district, eastern British Columbia, most of the imports from the United States are taken from Spokane, Wash. The Canadian Pacific Railway also transports many products and manufactures of the Eastern States as well as a large proportion of the trade from Great Britain to the Province. Prior to the completion of the Canadian Pacific and Northern Pacific railways the trade of the Province and source of supplies were entirely by vessel from San Francisco and around Cape Horn from Great Britain. A proportion of business still goes that way, but the railroads have captured a large part of this trade, and seem to be gaining in favor. A good proportion of the business men of the province are citizens of the United States, and the number of Americans in British Columbia increases each year. The fur business there is almost wholly in the hands of Americans, and the lumber and mining industries are very largely controlled by American capital. Americans supply the bulk of imports, and will probably continue to do so, as our business in British Columbia is increasing rather than diminishing.

Her Face Her Fortune.

Is commonly said of famous beauties. She who uses with artistic taste Wisdom's Famous Robertine has fortune in the possessing of a complexion to which nothing but the blush of the rose or the freshness of the lily can be compared. This preparation is just what it is claimed to be—the most delightful toilet article and only perfect beautifier known. Read the testimonials from famous artists, celebrated chemists and eminent physicians. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Low Rates to the Sound.

Until further notice the Union Pacific will sell tickets to Seattle for $2. Round trip $3. To Tacoma $2.50. Round trip $4. Steamer leaves foot of Yates street every morning except Saturday at 7 a.m. C. G. Rawlings, general agent, 100 Government street.

IMPERIAL
Cream Tartar
BAKING POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurant.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

GUITARS
The Marquette. Quarter-sawed Sycamore $7.50
The Lakeside. Quarter-sawed Oak, $9.00
The Arion. Solid Mahogany, $11.00
The Conservatory. Solid Rosewood, $15.50
MANDOLINS
The Lakeside. Variegated Birds-Eye Maple $12
The Arion. Maple and Mahogany, $15
The Arion. Same as preceding, inlaid, $20
The Conservatory. Solid Rosewood, $20
Fully warranted and the best for the price the world affords. We manufacture all the component parts and are the largest makers on the globe. 100,000 of our instruments now in use. Sold by all leading dealers. Genuine have name burned on the inside. Take no other. 32 Illustrated pamphlet mailed free.
LYON & HEALY, 155 to 164 State St., Chicago.

RE ESTATE OF ABEL BESWICK, DECEASED.

Valuable City Lot for Sale

ALL THAT PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND, including the erections thereon, consisting of dwelling house, stable and carriage shed, situated immediately behind the City Hall, and having frontage on both Pandora and Cormorant streets, being described upon the map of Victoria as Lot 1261.

Tenders (terms cash) to be sent to the undersigned not later than Friday, March 25th, 1892.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS BURTON,
mh11-2w 22 Kingston street, James Bay.

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT
AGENCY
(Limited.

THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON,
CUYLER A. HOLLAND, } DIRECTORS,

HEAD OFFICE
24 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street. London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage
AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS
For Sale on Easy Terms.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.
OPTICIANS.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES
Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, and all kind of Optical Instruments.
The Correct Adjustment of Spectacles and Eyeglasses our specialty.
We are not jewelers (simply dealing in glasses) but the ONLY OPTICIANS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.
27 FORT ST.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion.
Without injurious medication.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

Argyle House
GENERAL DRY GOODS.

Staple Stock Now Complete.

Lace Curtains, taped and scalloped, from 50c a pair.

White Honeycomb Quilts, 95c each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, full size, $1.25, $1.35 and $1.50 each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, large size, $1.50 and $2 each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, extra large, extra heavy, $2.50 each.

Marsailles Quilts in all sizes at various prices.

DRESS GOODS.

All Wool French Debeiges, 40 inches wide, 45c per yard.

French Cashmeres, full assortment of colors, 46 in. wide, 65c per yard.

French Estamene Serges, all wool, 40 inches wide, 50c per yard.

SPECIAL VALUE.

All Wool Serges, in black and colors, 25c per yard.

J. Horner & Co.

NOTICE FOR TENDERS.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in a certain registered mortgage made by D. A. McFarland to the vendor, sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to the first day of April, 1892, for the purchase of Lot 13 in Block 3, Subdivision 185, Group 1, New Westminster District.

This is a fine residence property on Georgia street in the city of Vancouver.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For further particulars apply to
WOOTTON & BARNARD,
Vendor's Solicitors,
Broughton street, Victoria.
Dated March 15th, 1892. mi7-td

MUNICIPAL.

ENGINEER CITY ELECTRIC LIGHT WORKS

APPLICATIONS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned until Tuesday, the 29th instant, at 4 p.m., for the position of Engineer of the City Electric Light Works. Salary $90 per month.

By order, WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, Victoria, March 22nd, 1892.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.

THE 25TH DRAWING for an Appropriation in connection with the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street (opposite View street) on

FRIDAY, THE 25th MARCH, 1892,

at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order, A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary.

A few shares on hand, which can be taken up on application to the Secretary at his office, 45 Fort street, corner Broad. mh21-td

IMPROVED DENTISTRY.

HAVING RETURNED FROM EUROPE, I shall be pleased to receive my old and new patients at my office, 73 Government street. I am now prepared to furnish you with the latest methods in the Dental art. My specialties are Apparatus for Cleft Palate, my Improved Sets of Artificial Teeth, Regulating Teeth, and the latest setting, Diamonds into Natural and Artificial Teeth. None but first-class work furnished.

DR. HARTMAN.

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE
Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.
Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address
THE APHRO MEDICINE CO
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists
Corner of Yates and Douglas streets,
Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria.
au29

REFER TO ME

"I have been deeply interested in the investigation of your method of treatment, particularly that portion prescribed in your "Treatise for Men Only." *I am convinced that your treatment for impotency and decay in males is the best known to the medical profession.* I shall recommend it in my practice, and you can refer to me at any time, should you deem it proper."

The writer of above is a practicing physician and unknown to us. We have scores of similar letters on file. It refers to our wonderful system of treatment by which the

HEALTH OF MEN
Is Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development, and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 1,000 references. Book, explanations and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address
ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
5 BUFFALO, N.Y.

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
FOR FAMILY USE,
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY OREGON.

JOSEPH SEARS
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c
74 YATES STREET

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (5 ft. x 10 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & Co., with balls, cues and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club Fort street, Victoria. au20 tf

MUNICIPAL.

VICTORIA CRESCENT, from its intersection with McClure street, to Quadra street, is closed to traffic during removal of rock, until further notice.

S. T. STYLES,
Chairman Street Committee.
Victoria, March 3rd, 1892. mh3

W. J. DEASY
Successor to J. C. Smith.)
Chimney Sweeping, Carpet Beating
House Cleaning and all odd jobs promptly attended to. Orders may be left with T. L. Irving, 43 Fort street; J. T. Papet, 130 Fort street; Watson & Hall, 55 Yates street. Telephone call 448. mh11-2w

NEWBIGGING & ANDERSON,
B.C. NOVELTY WORKS
105 DOUGLAS STREET.
Sewing Machines, Lawn Mowers, Bicycles, and light machinery of all kinds repaired. Stamps and Dies made to order. All work guaranteed. Estimates given on models. mh14-1m

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
GOVERNMENT SALE
—OF—
121 LOTS 121
—IN THE TOWN OF—
NELSON

Under instructions from the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, on behalf of the Province of British Columbia, we will sell by Public Auction, at 11 a.m., at the Town of Nelson, Kootenay, on

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27th,

Particulars, with maps, can now be obtained at the office of the auctioneer.

Terms of Sale—1 cash, 1 six months, 1 twelve months, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of six per cent. per annum. Crown Grants $5 each.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
mh11-td Auctioneer.

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT,
Real Estate, Furniture and General
AUCTIONEERS,
Will sell by auction on
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30th
AT 11 A.M.
At their Estate Sale Rooms, corner Broad street and Trounce avenue, the
SUNNYSIDE ESTATE

By order of Mr. W. Stormer Smith, who is going to England. The estate is situate between Craigflower road and the Gorge, and comprises

Beautiful Residence and Lot,
Fronting on the Gorge.
Two Water Front Lots, 60x250.
Two Lots, 41x130,
Fronting Craigflower road.
Five Lots with 69 ft. frontage
to Sunnyside Avenue.

The residence was built under the personal superintendence of Mr. Smith, and is quite new. It is of a substantial character, conveniently arranged, containing twelve reception and bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen, etc., and has a particularly fine appearance from the water. The lots are all cleared and in grass. They have been well laid out, and are larger than most lots in that district, the two water front lots being exceptionally fine.

The auctioneers desire to draw the attention of capitalists, investors and those seeking desirable residential property, to this sale. The estate is situated in the midst of the most picturesque scenery to be found anywhere around Victoria, while from the upper windows of the residence a most

CHARMING VIEW OF THE CITY

is obtained. A landing stage is erected, affording excellent facilities for boating. Shooting and fishing can also be enjoyed. The Electric Tramway passes the end of Craigflower Road, bringing the property within fifteen minutes of the postoffice.

Terms—Half cash, balance in 6 and 12 months. Cards to view the house, lithographed plans and full particulars may be had from

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT,
fe26 Auctioneers.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have learned that certain parties are going around the city circulating a story to the effect that I have sold my wood business to them. It is entirely false, and if further circulated the guilty ones will be prosecuted. I will have my name on my wood-sawing machine to prevent further deception, and will still be found at 151 Fort street, ready to fill all orders satisfactorily. Good dry wood for sale, $4.00 per cord.

N.B.—After the 1st of April I will move directly across the street to 140 Fort street.

JOSEPH PERRY.
fe27-1m

EXTRAORDINARY : BARGAINS.

The remainder of the
Bankrupt Stock
—OF—
92½ Douglas St., Doane Block,
Must be sacrificed within ten days
AT FIFTY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

Stock consists of Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Men's, Ladies' and Childrens' Boots and Shoes; a large assortment of Boys' and Children's Suits, Hats and Caps; Trunks, Valises, etc., etc. mh2

"THE GLOBE"
Oyster and Chop House
42 YATES ST., VICTORIA.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
VINCENT & HOLBROOK, Proprietors.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I SHALL not be responsible for any debts contracted without my written authority.

W. F. TOLMIE.
Victoria Sept. 2, 1891. se2-tf

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm
Victoria Dec. 11, 1890. de12-tf

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at the next sitting thereof, for a transfer of the license to sell liquor by retail held by me in respect of the premises known as the Railroad Hotel, Johnson street, Victoria, to the new building and premises known as the Cosmopolitan Hotel, Milne Block, Johnson street, Victoria.

Dated at Victoria this 13th day of February 1892.

fe14 JOHN BEGG.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of Conlin & Rendall has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on by Mr. Rendall, who will collect all debts due to the firm and pay all liabilities.

Dated this 10th day of March, 1892.

M. J. CONLIN.
mh10-1m WM. RENDALL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act respecting certain Works constructed in or on Navigable Waters," Chapter 92 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, that the Cowichan Improvement Company, Limited Liability, intends to apply to the Governor-General of Canada in Council for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said Company in and about the Cowichan River between Cowichan Lake and Cowichan Bay, in the Island of Vancouver in the Province of British Columbia, and has in accordance with the provisions of the said Act deposited a description of the proposed site of such works and improvements and a description of such works and improvements, together with plans thereof, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

Dated this 18th day of February, 1892.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Cowichan Improvement
mh4-1m Company, Limited Liability.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on the south shore of Nahmint bay, Alberni canal: Commencing at a post on the shore of Alberni canal; thence west 80 chains; thence north 40 chains to the Nahmint river; thence meandering east along the shore to the place of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less.

H. R. McINTYRE.
January 30th, 1892. fe6l

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land, situate on the south shore of Sarita Lake, Barclay Sound, Alberni District:—Commencing at a post at head of lake joining W. Braden's claim; thence east 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north along lake shore to place of commencement; containing 160 acres, more or less.

G. C. SAUER.
Victoria, B.C., Jan. 20th, 1892. ja20-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the shareholders of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Company will be held at the office of the British Columbia Land and Investment agency, Victoria, on the 19th day of March, at the hour of 3 p.m., for the purpose of electing directors and adopting by-laws for the due management of the affairs of the company.

Dated the 1st day of March, 1892.

HENRY S. MASON,
mh Sec'y pro tem.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land, situated in Alberni District, Vancouver Island, and more particularly described as follows:—Beginning at the northeast corner of the land purchased by Beaumont Boggs, being Section 78; thence along the line of the said land in a westerly direction 40 chains; thence in a northerly direction 40 chains, more or less, to the line of the Indian Reserve; thence easterly along the line of said Indian Reserve about 40 chains to the shore line; thence along the said shore line to the point of commencement; containing in all 160 acres, more or less.

W. D. McGREGOR.
Victoria, B.C., January 16th, 1892. ja22

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Nahmint river, Alberni canal: Commencing at a post on the river and about 1 mile west from Alberni canal, thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains along the bank of the river to place of commencement, containing about 160 acres more or less.

January 29, 1892. FRANK G NORRIS.

ROBERT N. FITTON,
LANDSCAPE GARDENER
Fifteen years' practical experience.
Pruning, Flower and Vegetable Gardens laid out and kept in order by day or contract.
ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR TILE OR BOX DRAINING.
All communications attended to promptly.
RESIDENCE 58 NORTH PARK ST.
P.O. Box 748. mh7-tf Victoria, B.C.

SING :: KEE
INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at shortest Notice.
Contracts Taken.
24 HERALD STREET, - - - - VICTORIA, B.C.
fe15-3m

WING ON
Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer
INTELLIGENCE BUREAU
All Kinds of Chinese Help Furnished.
No. 20 Cormorant street, - - Victoria, B.C.

DUCK LUNG,
GROCERIES AND PROVISION.
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE
And contractor for Chinese labor at short notice. 42 Fisgard street, Victoria, P.O. Box 457. fe9-3m

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, three lines or under, two insertions, FREE. This applies only to men or women, boys or girls, looking for situations.

WANTED—By a young man, strong and willing to work, a situation in any capacity, used to horses. Address F. S. TIMES office. m22-3t

WANTED—By a young man a situation as caretaker or manager of a ranch. Steady and capable. Address "Caretaker," care of TIMES office. mh21-4t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Smart intelligent boy, also good hand ironers at the Victoria Steam Laundry. m21

WANTED—A first class waitress, none other need apply. Dominion Hotel. m21-tf

WANTED—A competent farm hand, who thoroughly understands farm work and machinery. Must be sober and steady, and make himself generally useful. Apply to J. W. Tolmie, Saanich road. mh19-tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—At 73 Broad street, ten or twelve boarders. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mrs. Wm. Allen. mh19-1w

HOUSE WANTED—Before the 1st April, an eight-roomed house wanted to rent. One conveniently situated and comparatively new preferred. Address X.Y.Z. TIMES office. m5

WANTED—Houses renting less than $20 per month for good tenants. Apply Crane, McGregor & Boggs. ja23-tf.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET — Furnished bedrooms, without board, in James Bay. Address H., TIMES office. mh18-tf

TO RENT—Small store, with 6 rooms and kitchen. Apply J. Mortimer, auctioneer, corner View and Broad streets. mh17-tf

TO RENT—New 6-roomed cottage on Fifth street, $12 per month. T. G. Ravner, Real Estate, Trounce avenue. mh17-tf

TO LET—A 2-story house, furnished, within three minutes' walk of Beacon Hill; for six months, from 15th April to 15th October. For further particulars apply to Hall, Goepel & Co., 100 Government street. fe19-tf

TO LET—On Chatham street, new house, 7 rooms.
On Bellot street, house, 7 rooms.
On Belcher avenue, house, 9 rooms.
On Vancouver street, house, 5 rooms.
On Vancouver street, house, 7 rooms.
On Labouchere street, house, 7 rooms.
On Amphion street, house, 4 rooms.
On Broad street, offices and stores.
fe17 Apply to CRANE, MCGREGOR & BOGGS.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET — Centrally located. Private house, all conveniences. Terms low. References required. Address X, box 652, post office, City. 125-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—A bargain. An American buggy, half phaeton, in first-class condition. 58 King's road. mh23-3t

FOR SALE—The beautifully situated property 49 Third street; good house, and well-stocked fruit and vegetable garden, with back and front entrance. Apply on the premises. mh19-1m

STANDARD REMINGTON No. 2, for sale cheap. Used two months. Apply Telegraph office. mh18-1w

FOR SALE—30 acres good land, seven acres under cultivation. Fine chance for market garden. Nine miles from city. Price $2200. Apply Crane, McGregor & Boggs. mh5

GENERAL BUSINESS — Situated in the town of Revelstoke, for sale. No better business centre in the Province. Terms easy. For same apply to C. B. Hume, Revelstoke, or to J. F. Hume & Co., Nelson, B.C. fe18 tf

WE offer the following bargains:—
Chicken ranch of 9 acres, with good stream, 4 miles from postoffice; price $1650; terms, ¼ cash.
House, 7 rooms, barn and 3 lots, Victoria West; price $3500; terms ¼ cash.
Large lot on Pine street; price $400.
Large lots on Cowan avenue, $275 each.
Lot 60x135 on Belcher street, $650.
Lot, Fourth street, Work estate, $800.
fe17 Apply to CRANE, MCGREGOR & BOGGS.

FOR SALE—Fine building lot close to Dunsmuir Castle, 50'x126' 9". Price $900. Apply to Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Cheap corner lot on Burnside Road, 56' 6"x124' 6". Price $425. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Good residential lot on Menzies street, opposite the Government grounds. Price $1650. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates St. fe3

FOR SALE—Five acres on Belcher street, magnificent site. Price $9000. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Lots in Fit Grove Estate, from $125 upwards. Beautiful suburban location. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Half-acre on Gorge road, $1350. Terms easy. Cleared land. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE — First-class business for two energetic young men. Small capital required. For particulars apply to Charles Green & Co., auctioneers and brokers, 46 Yates street. ja22

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Ewing's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182, residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

DETECTIVE.

McNAUGHTON'S DETECTIVE SERVICE
ROOM 10, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.
General Detective business transacted for corporations and individuals.
References furnished.
E. D. McNAUGHTON,
mh1 Manager.

PIANO TUNING.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. m14-tf

PIANOFORTE TUNING AND REPAIRING By a competent person from the leading manufacturers in the United States. City References:—All the music stores, where orders may be left.
mh1-3m JAMES SHERIDAN.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2. English concertinas, flutinas and accordeons tuned and repaired. W. C. Windebank (from Broadwood's, London, England), No. 45 Blanchard street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Letters punctually attended to. oc20

ART.

K. BRADEN,
Exhibitor in Royal Academy, Institute, etc., of London, gives lessons in painting, oil and water color landscape, portrait and still life. Studio at Room 45, Five Sisters' Block, Government street. fe19-1m

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $20,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan8-1y

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., and C.M., Edinburgh.
SPECIALTY:—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Sts

DRS. HALL & LEITCH,
OFFICES:—DRIARD BLOCK, 60 DOUGLAS ST.
Dr. F. W. HALL, M.D.C.M.
Dr. H. D. LEITCH, M.D.C.M., M.C.P.S.O., F.T.M.S.
Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. Lately attending Woman's Hospital and Post Graduate School and Hospital New York. au5

HOMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL
98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m only excepting Sunday and holidays.

ARCHITECTS.

L. BUTTRESS TRIMEN,
ARCHITECT.
ja27-tf Turner Block.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

EDWARD McCOSKRIE & CO.
ARCHITECTS.
Room 51, third floor, Five Sisters' Block. Take elevator.
fe15 eod

FINANCIAL.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
Corner Government and Pandora streets Money advanced on all kinds of approved security. Business strictly confidential. my4

SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 131, Red Rose Degree, meets first and third Wednesdays, at a quarter to eight p.m., in the St. George's Hall, corner of Government and Bastion streets.
Visiting brethren cordially invited.
ARTHUR LEE,
P.O. Box 782. Ja2-3m Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Bread street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5735, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street.
Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 139, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY,
1-1y Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
oct9 E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join
J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doherty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. a22-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 50.

★★ ROSENTHAL'S ★★
CAFÉ ROYAL
We are prepared to furnish Banquets, Weddings, Balls, Receptions and Afternoon Teas.
EASTERN AND OLYMPIA OYSTERS.
ICE CREAM MADE DAILY.
Finest French Candies made fresh daily; also Chocolate Eclairs, Macaroons, Cream Puffs, Pies and all kinds of German Pastry. All short orders served.
OPEN ALL NIGHT.
Ladies' side entrance to boxes.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
52 Government street, Victoria.

SPRING, 1892.
★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★
LANSDOWNE
HOUSE
86 YATES STREET.
★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★
SPECIAL
Semi-Annual
EXHIBIT
- - - OF - - -
MILLINERY
MANTLES
PARASOLS.
TUESDAY NEXT
MARCH 28.
★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★
J. PARTRIDGE

THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.
SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:
CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion and pro rata for more space or longer time.
A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.
NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager

The Daily Times.

TARIFF POLICY.

The public has at last been given an authoritative report on what took place at Washington in regard to reciprocity on the occasion of the recent ministerial mission. Finance Minister Foster, in his budget speech yesterday, stated that the Canadian delegates had offered to negotiate on the basis of the treaty of 1854, "with such modifications and extensions as the changed conditions of the country rendered necessary or desirable." In other words, the Canadian Ministers said they wanted reciprocity in natural products, and in perhaps a few manufactured articles. Mr. Blaine's reply was that nothing less than unrestricted reciprocity would be agreed to by the States. He is reported by Mr. Foster to have said further that Canada's tariff under such an arrangement must be uniform with that of the States. The Finance Minister was also very careful to point out that Mr. Blaine's reciprocity scheme involved preferential treatment of the United States by Canada, though any person could have seen that without Mr. Foster's aid. When this wide divergence between the two proposals was made evident, says Mr. Foster, the negotiations were broken off.

Minister Foster and the Government, feeling the necessity for the adoption of some new course, have apparently selected the Imperial Trade League scheme of Howard Vincent and Sir Charles Tupper. The minister is reported as saying that it might be the duty of the Government to propose a scheme of mutual tariff discrimination between Canada and England. It is to be hoped that before undertaking to discriminate in favor of British as against United States goods the ministers will weigh well the probable consequences, for it does seem altogether too probable that the States would in such case retaliate, with paralyzing effect on Canadian commerce. The Government may see a way of either avoiding or sustaining a commercial war with the States if such a policy were adopted, but other people are not confident about it.

LEGISLATIVE "DIGNITY."

"The lady protests too much, methinks," said the Queen in "Hamlet", and the verdict of the public in regard to the action of the Legislature yesterday will be much the same. Nothing more absurd and ridiculous can be imagined than the decision to hail before the bar of the House the publishers of the Columbian on account of the article which appeared in that paper attacking the Private Bills Committee for their action on the Twin Cities Tramway Bill. If the members of the committee and the majority in the House had wanted to court both ridicule and suspicion, they could have taken no course better calculated to effect their object. Gentlemen who have faith in their own motives and reputations are chary of being too violent in defending them, or, in other words, of "protesting too much." Outsiders will be apt to conclude that the members of the Private Bills committee should have exhibited more moderation, and that it would have been better for both their reputations and their "dignity" if the affair had not gone beyond a simple protest against the attack made on them and if the House had not undertaken to use in their behalf a process which is obsolete and savors of tyranny. The Columbian seems to have made some assertions which were not warranted, but nobody will deny that there was some foundation for the paper's criticisms of the committee's action. The committee undertook to prevent the Twin Cities bill from coming before the House, thus violating a rule of the House, and was therefore guilty of crooked work in one sense of the word, though its action may have been due to ignorance of the rules for all we know. There was also an irregularity committed, as the paper alleges, when the Attorney-General appeared before the committee to advise it as to its dealings with the bill. The Columbian was justified in condemning these things, and though it may have passed the line of just criticism, that is no excuse for the violent and unusual course which the House decided to pursue in regard to the Messrs. Kennedy. The majority of the House should have kept in mind the danger of creating an impression that they are over-sensitive, and also that they are helping to make heroes of the men whose conduct they affect to condemn, for public feeling is sure to side with the persecuted.

There is, besides, a very grave doubt as to whether the House has the power which it pretends to exercise in this case. There is no need to point out how utterly ridiculous the Legislature will be made to appear if the Messrs. Kennedy refuse to obey its summons and it turns out that there is no means of enforcing its edict. Despite the pretty prattling of the Premier and the awful thunderings of the Attorney-General, there appears a very strong probability that the Hotse has undertaken more than it can carry out, or, as the Yankee put it in homely language, that it "has bitten off more than it can chaw." The foolishness of such a proceeding need not be further commented on.

There is one way in which unpleasantness such as this can be easily avoided, and that is by throwing open the meetings of committees. It is safe to say that the private bills committee would have been more circumspect in its treatment of the bill if its proceedings had been under the direct observation of the public. This applies to other committee meetings as well, for the Star Chamber method is always calculated to beget suspicion. It is a favorite method with the Government nevertheless, because it eminently serves the Government's purposes.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TRADE.

The full and accurate reports regarding the trade of British Columbia sent by Consul Myers to Washington have attracted the attention of "Bradstreet's," the great commercial journal of the States, whose review of late consular reports we reproduce in another column. It is a good thing to have the Province thus noticed abroad in a flattering way, and Consul Myers is especially entitled to the thanks of British Columbians for his successful endeavors to collect full statistics of their trade and commerce for the information of the Washington Government and the outside public generally. Of the showing made by British Columbia, as set forth in Bradstreet's, we certainly have no reason to be ashamed, the age of the Province and the number of its population being taken into account. But while full justice is done in Bradstreet's to the Province in general, Victoria has reason to complain of the carelessness and inaccuracy shown in the article when the cities come to be spoken of. The journal is badly tangled up in British Columbia geography, which is all the more inexcusable in that a little more care in perusing Consul Myers' reports would have kept it right. Bradstreet's should know that Victoria, not Vancouver, is the capital of the province. It should also be aware that "more than half of the general business of the entire province, foreign and domestic," is transacted at Victoria, not Vancouver. And finally, the Northern Pacific freight is conveyed by boat to Victoria, not to Vancouver. This mixing up of the two cities is certainly not done in Consul Myers' reports, and it is hard to see how a journal like Bradstreet's can perpetrate so gross a blunder, when the exercise of a little care and intelligence would avoid it.

What Consul Myers did say in the report, as taken from a copy of the original, is as follows: "The exports from Vancouver are lumber. This city is the western terminus of the C. P. R. and the point of transfer of that company's immense business with the Orient. Quite a wholesale business is done with the Mainland from that city, and the imports are of a more miscellaneous character than at Westminster and Nanaimo." Regarding the Northern Pacific freight the report says that the freight is transferred at Seattle and Tacoma for this port, meaning Victoria, not Vancouver.

HON. MR. DAVIE'S BUILDING.

TO THE EDITOR: It was with astonishment that I learned from your columns of the elaborate and "princely" edifice, which I am to erect at the corner of Government and Yates streets. My design is to put up a simple and unpretentious building at a moderate cost, and if there are any people who hope to see go up such a gorgeous and extravagant structure as you describe in your last evening's issue, they will be disappointed.

I observe also, that, according to one of the morning papers, the contract was awarded to a contractor whose tender was not the lowest. This is not the fact.

Yours &c.,
THEODORE DAVIE.
Victoria, March 23.

ALD. McKILLICAN AND VIEW STREET EXTENSION.

TO THE EDITOR:—Regarding the letter to the council on the View street improvements, which called forth Alderman McKillican's most prejudiced and most insulting remarks, I would like if you will kindly allow me to offer a few words in reply.

In the first place, I ask the rate-payers of Victoria why such extreme haste is used in this View street matter, when there are numbers of improvements badly requiring immediate attention within the city limits. There are roads and sidewalks, many of them in a most disgraceful condition and needing constant outlay. View street might very well remain as it is for the present, and this year being an economical one in the city expenditure the council ought to spend the money where it is most needed, and even this will tax their finances to the utmost. I can see no reason for rushing this matter, unless, as I said in my letter to the council, there are private interests to be served. The upper end of View street is quite wide enough for the traffic, which is not likely to be large at any time, and I am sure there are streets in James Bay ward, which have quite an amount of traffic, and yet they are no wider than View street. There are no sidewalks to parts of them, and the roads are complete mudholes. The worthy alderman says I have no title to my land, but I will any day show a far better title to my land than he can to his right to sit in the city council, and if I wished to treat him as maliciously as he treats me, I might give him a little trouble on that score. The question of title does not arise at present, but if the matter goes to arbitration and the land is valued, surely the city barristers can be trusted to go into the titles of the lands without the assistance of such an expert in law as Alderman McKillican. Before closing my remarks on the question of title, I would ask what title the city has to the land on which they have been lavishing the municipal funds in School street? They have taken down and re-erected fences in different positions, graded the road, "metalled" it, and put down sidewalks, and yet I very much doubt the city's title to the land. It is stated that the whole cost of these improvements will be $1100, but I think that amount has already been spent on School street alone, without reckoning the cost of purchasing certain lots to complete the right of way to Fort street; and before the total has been reached, I think it will be four times the amount of their estimate; which will be a most wasteful expenditure, looking to the present state of the city's funds.

With regard to the choice of arbitrators, I would instruct Alderman McKillican a little, and acquaint him with the fact that if they are appointed, they will be men of brains and business capacity, and, therefore, they cannot possibly be any nominees of his.

Alderman McKillican has stated that one of his reasons for going back to the council this year, was to carry out these improvements; and if his own words are true, he stands self-convicted of going to the city hall, not solely for the interests of the rate-payers, but to carry out his own ideas, and I think this a very discreditable motive for any councillor.

Messrs. Sayward, Heywood and Theo. Davie are, according to his ideas, to be offered compensation, as they have a right to it, but he says I have none. Now, I would ask any reasonable man to look at the land, which was fenced in a straight line along what is now the View street frontage before I bought the plot, and then to say if it is even possible for one party to have a title without all having it; and yet the alderman almost admits Mr. Sayward's title, and makes me what is commonly called a "land grabber."

Ald. McKillican credits me with keeping him in city harness for several years, as he feels bound to carry the View street matter through; but I do not take this credit to myself, for I can assure him that in my opinion he is the very worst representative the Yates street Ward could have, and his actions in this matter will, I think, fully prove my statement. Originally, he said Mr. Heywood's land was worth $1200, but afterwards he reduced his valuation to $500, and I should like to know if this was done to catch an economical alderman's vote. He next values Mr. Sayward's land at $300, and I conclude he values my land as of about the same value. Now, the rear of Alderman McKillican's lot is exactly opposite the rear of my lot on View street, and I will give him $300 for a piece of his land of the same dimensions as Mr. Sayward's, so that I can place my commodious stable on it, when my ground is taken by the city.

Therefore, if he is offering a fair price to other people, surely he will, with the splendid generosity for which he is known, accept this liberal offer on my part. Yours truly, FRANK ADAMS.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—J Gunnanson, F Gadderm, D J McCabe, W Gardiner, A D Campbell, Miss Jones, Wm Murray, J St. Charles, E Wesn, E Wesley, A Henuck, W H Wall, C J Johnson, W R Wolfe, Miss M Ware, S Reid, D H Gagn and wife, D Dolong, R Bengman, S Tery, O Wolff, J M Stewart, Jap, G H Phelps.

Experts Agree that

PERFECT and uniform success in making finest food is more certain with Royal Baking Powder than with any other. Use it in every receipt calling for baking powder, or for cream of tartar and soda, and the lightest, purest, most wholesome and appetizing food is assured.

MARION HARLAND: "I regard the Royal Baking Powder as the best in the market. Since its introduction into my kitchen I have used no other."

MISS MARIA PARLOA: "It seems to me that Royal Baking Powder is as good as any can be. I have used it a great deal and always with satisfaction."

MRS. BAKER, Principal of Washington, D. C., School of Cookery: "I say to you, without hesitation, use the 'Royal.' I have tried all, but the Royal is the most satisfactory."

M. GORJU, late *Chef*, Delmonico's, New-York: "In my use of Royal Baking Powder, I have found it superior to all others."

A. FORTIN, *Chef*, White House, for Presidents Arthur and Cleveland: "I have tested many baking powders, but for finest food can use none but 'Royal.'"

THE CITY AND DISTRICT

Use "Highland Brand" Evaporated Cream.

Wanted.

$10,000 American silver at par in exchange for boots and shoes, at Carmichael & Paterson's, 35 Johnson St.

Just Arrived.

Queen olives, sauerkraut, German salt pickles and mixed pickles in bulk, at Watson & Hall's, 55 Yates street. *

Nickels Taken at Par.

American five cent pieces are taken at par by the TIMES newsboys and at the office, for copies of the Daily and Weekly TIMES.

Zambesi-Dutard Case.

The Admiralty Court have not as yet decided on a date for the further consideration of the Zambesi-Dutard case. It is hard to get the members of the court together.

Caused by the Strike.

There has been no eastern freight received in this city by the C. P. R. since last Friday, the cause being the strike on the company's line between Winnipeg and Vancouver.

Drawing This Evening.

The fiftysixth drawing for an appropriation in the Vancouver Island Building Society will take place this evening at the Sir William Wallace Society hall, Broad street.

Electric Light Engineer.

Applications for the position of engineer of the city electric light works will be received at the city clerk's office up till 4 o'clock on Tuesday the 29th inst. The salary is $90 per month.

Wagner vs. the City.

In the chambers court to-morrow an application will be made to fix a day for the trial of the case of Wagner vs. the city of Victoria. An application will also be made to examine the plaintiff.

The Ball Family.

The Ball family of jubilee singers will give a stereoptican exhibition of scenes from Uncle Tom's Cabin, accompanied by slave melodies, on Tuesday night next in the Methodist Church school room.

Getting Better.

Sheriff McMillan, who has been ill for some time, has greatly improved during the past few days and expects to be on duty in his office again to-morrow. The operation performed on his cheek was a very painful one, and he still suffers from it.

A Frightened Horse.

This morning about 9:30 a street car passing along Fort street frightened a horse standing in front of the Vancouver Bakery. The animal clambered up onto the sidewalk, got himself tangled in a tie rope and threw himself. No damage was done.

Department Drill.

The firemen were called out at 7 o'clock last evening by an alarm from box 35. They turned out in quick order and followed by the usual crowd went to corner of Yates and Wharf streets. It was then that they discovered that they were only wanted to drill.

Open Again.

The Turkish Baths, corner of Yates and Broad street, is again in full running order under the same management. Hours for bathing: 6 a.m. to 2 p.m., 6 p.m. to 10 p.m. for gentlemen, and 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. for ladies. Best lady attendants secured. Dr. W. E. Bergman.

Decreased the Risk.

The old building on Johnson street adjoining the Wilson-Dalby block has been torn down and those below it will suffer the same fate before many months. Messrs. Dalby & Wilson, who have a lease on the property, do not intend to build immediately but have greatly decreased the danger of fire by tearing down the shack.

Gamblers Must Go.

The recent municipal changes in Seattle has frightened a lot of "tin horn" gamblers out of that city, and as a matter of course a number of them have drifted over to Victoria. Chief Sheppard has issued orders to the officers to keep a sharp lookout for these gentry and proceedings will be taken against them under the vagrancy act.

The Victoria Brewery.

The machinery for the new Victoria Brewery is now ready for shipment from New York and Milwaukee, but will not be forwarded for a month yet. The company expect to have the brewery ready for occupation by the middle of June. Mr. H. Lowen, for many years with Messrs. Findlay, Durham & Brodie, has been appointed secretary of the company.

In Aid of the Building Fund.

The regularly quarterly meeting of the Young Ladies' Institute of the R.C. cathedral, was held last evening, when it was decided to give a concert in the cathedral after Easter for the benefit of the building fund. The programme will consist of tableaus, drills, songs and recitations. There are now 52 members of the institute, all of whom take an actice interest in its welfare and they are certain to make a grand success of the concert.

The Driard Furniture.

The Driard Hotel has been furnished on three different occasions by Mr. Jacob Sehl, and as a proof of the satisfaction given, the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine company, of which Mr. Sehl is the senior member, has again been given a similar contract to furnish the new building. The bed-room suites, of which there have been already 70 ordered, are to be of polished oak in handsome designs. These as well as the mattreses will be made by the firm at their factory at Laurel Point.

Sunday School Anniversary.

Next Sunday will be children's day at the Gorge Road Methodist Church, it being the date of the Sunday school anniversary. A spacious platform has been erected in the church, where the children will be seated. The musical services to be rendered by the children will be most interesting. Rev. C. Watson will preach to the children in the morning and address them in the afternoon. In the evening Rev. Mr. White will preach. On Tuesday evening following, the children will be entertained by the teachers and friends.

Standard Works.

See prices in the windows of Kerr & Begg's bookstore this week. *

Trout Fishing.

Season opens on the 15th. For fine fishing tackle go to Fox's 78 Govt. St.

The Clarence Hotel.

The Clarence hotel will be re-opened on March 1st. Rooms by the day, week, or month. Per night 50c. and upwards. Offices to rent. GEO. ASHTON, prop. *

The Honest John Enquiry.

The select committee appointed to enquire into the antecedents of S. D. Pope, LL.D., met this morning and examined J. P. McLeod on oath touching the matters in dispute. *Quod erat faciendum.*

No Loafing on Corners.

The test case brought before the police court yesterday morning proves that loiterers cannot stand around street corners, and when an officer notifies anyone to move on he must move.

The Chicago Cheap Store Wins.

Seed and early rose potatoes, 85cts per sack; butter 10cts, A 1 creamery, 3 lbs. 90cts; 2 lbs good cooking raisins 15cts; English breakfast tea, 22cts per pound, Japan, $1.25cts 5 pound box; oranges 10cts per doz.; good cheese 10c. Don't forget the number, 180 Yates street. H. P. JACOBSON. *

Back From England.

Among the passengers from the east last evening were Mr. H. E. Croasdaile and Mrs. Croasdaile, who have been spending the last nine months in England. The object of Mr. Croasdaile's trip was in regard to the Silver King mine in which he is interested. A company has not yet been definitely formed for the purchase of the mine nor has any tangible scheme for the purchase yet been aid down. Mr. Croasdaile says the Kootenay country is attracting the attention of British capital and the district is talked of a great deal in England, in fact it is very high in English favor. An assay of Silver King ore made in Liverpool showed that the ore contained $4000 in silver to the ton and 26 per cent. of copper. Mr. Croasdaile was pleased to hear that the United States Bureau of Claims was instituting enquiries regarding the losses of settlers in Idaho through Indian raids, he being one of those who lost through one of the raids.

Coming Municipal Events.

The notice board at the City Hall contained the following to-day:

I hereby give notice that at the next regular meeting of the City Council I will move: That the resolution moved by Ald. McKillican, and seconded by Ald. Devlin and carried at the meeting of this council held on the 10th of Feb., 1892, with reference to the fire warden's report submitted at that meeting, be reconsidered. And that I will also move that the City Barristers withdraw the action against Mr. Turner in relation to the projection from his building on Broad street, upon the terms that each party pay his own costs, and that Mr. Turner do undertake not to bring any suit against the City Council in respect to its past action relative to such projection. And that in so far as the said resolution deals with the remainder of the fire warden's report, the same be and is hereby confirmed.—John Hall.

Ald. Devlin will ask leave to introduce a by-law in aid of the Victoria-Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, notice of which was given on March 15th.

Plans Ready, Creditable Work.

The Victoria Lithograph Company have just finished one of the most attractive real estate plans prepared in the city for a considerable time. It is in connection with the auction sale of residential property on the Gorge and was ordered by and prepared under the directions of the auctioneers, Messrs. Richards & Cuthbert. On the face of it is a bird's eye view of the estate laid out in lots showing the adjoining property besides a fine view of the residence and a sketch of the upper part of the Gorge. On one half of the back is one of the most charming and picturesque views of Victoria city that can possibly be obtained and which is commanded by the upper windows of the residence, while on the other half is the letter press announcing the sale. Everybody should have one of the plans which are now lying at the auctioneers for free distribution, already a large number of which have been circulated. The estate is in one of the finest situations in the city and is for absolute sale.

Sealing Claims all Filed.

Respecting the notice issued by the Department of Marine and Fisheries and signed by Charles H. Tupper, to the effect that all persons having claims for compensation for loss or damage through expulsion or warning out of Behring Sea under the modus vivendi, must lodge the same with the Collector of Customs here before April 28th, a TIMES reporter waited upon Mr. A. L. Belyea this morning. Mr. Belyea is solicitor for the sealers and all their claims were turned in to him, and by him forwarded two months ago to the Minister of Marine and Fisheries. Mr. Belyea said that there were between 30 and 40 claims aggregating $500,000, and all the sealers were represented. About the only owner sailing his own boat was Captain Victor Jacobson, but his claim was among the others sent to Ottawa. The claim was put in this morning, and will be promptly forwarded to the department. Two American sealers wished Mr. Belyea to handle their claims, but it was explained to them that this was impossible and they would have to apply to their own government, which it is understood they did. To-morrow evening a steamer will go down to provision eight or ten of the schooners and bring back their coast catch of skins. These schooners are now off the entrance to the straits, around Cape Flattery.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

IN CHAMBERS.

(Before Mr. Justice Walkem.)

C. H. Mahon & Co. vs. L. G. Wing—Application on part of plaintiff for liberty to sign final judgment under order 14. Adjourned till to-morrow. Jay for plaintiff, Fell for defendant.

C. H. Mahon & Co. vs. L. G. Wing—Application of defendant that plaintiff be ordered to give security for costs. Adjourned till to-morrow.

THE POLICE COURT.

Fines to the Extent of $160 Imposed on Different Offenders.

Johnnie, an Indian, and Jennie Chickens, were up before Police Magistrate Belyea this morning, charged with having liquor in their possession. They both admitted the offence and were each fined $40 or two months.

Mary Burns, alias Russian Mary, was arraigned before the court, charged with supplying Jennie Chickens with liquor. When asked to plead, she said: "I'm not guilty, sir, but I will not do it again. Forgive me this time." Jennie Chickens testified that she paid Mary 75 cents, and was given a bottle of whiskey. She did not get time to taste it, however, as Officer Smith stopped her and took the bottle out of a basket of clams where she had hidden it. The court adjudged the prisoner guilty and imposed a penalty of three months in jail.

Mr. McPhadden, manager of the B. C. Cattle Co., whose case was remanded from yesterday, was found guilty of an infraction of the market by-law in allowing meat to hang over the sidewalk, and fined $5 and costs. In giving his decision in this case the Magistrate said that this morning he had counted 17 pieces of meat hanging out over the sidewalk and the butchers evidently thought they had a right to do this.

A woman residing on Broad street was charged with keeping a disorderly house. Mr. Duck appeared for the defendant and pleaded guilty, and a fine of $75 was imposed.

A charge against Sing Kee for keeping a wash house without a license was withdrawn, the defendant taking out a license and paying costs.

"MERRY CORKS."

The Cork Club Hold Their Usual Musical Social Last Evening.

The brethren of the Cork Club held their musical social last evening at Harry Cole's, Leland House, President George Fairorother in the chair.

A splendid entertainment was opened with the "Cork Club Overture" by Brother Robert Cox, and a felicitous speech from the chairman. Walter Nathan sang "Round and Round We Go" and "Welcome Friends" in great style. Wm. Phillips made a hit in his rendering of "Marguerite," his well-trained baritone being heard to advantage. He also sang "Good Bye, John," a favorite comic song. Maurice Salmon recited the "Little Hero" with much effect. W. B. Smith sang "The Song that Reached My Heart" and "True Till Death," his beautiful tenor voice being splendidly handled. Wm. Nathan's songs, "Hands and Hearts" and "Dreaming" were tastefully executed. Jovial George Thompson made a decided success of his contributions to the harmony. He sang "Tea Leaves and Snowballs" and "What a Sight for a Father" as only George himself can sing those songs. Bob English is always good, and his song "The Shoreditch Toff" was immense. The genial president, George Fairbrother, sang "The Rippling Sea" and a good "Medley Song" with excellent taste. Mr. Allen sang "Never Trouble Trouble Till Troubles Trouble You," which was well received. Bob Anderson's song, "Haul Me Back Again," was extremely humorous, and Harry Cole did good justice to "My Own Kathleen." Tom Ellison, in the great Australian song, "Botany Bay," put in good work.

As is usual on these occasions, during the evening all sat down to a capital supper, mine host Harry Cole doing the amiable in every way to see everyone comfortable.

This enjoyable social was brought to a close with the National Anthem, and of course the "three times three" for President Fairbrother.

Will Make Inquiries.

Mr. S. Munson who came down from the north yesterday, brought down a skull, which he believed to be that of John Cowper, who has been missing for the last sixteen years, and who is supposed to have been killed by Indians. Peter and James Starr, two Indians were arrested at the time and accused of the murder, but escaped on account of want of evidence. There is nothing positive as to whether the skull is Cowper's or not, but Supt. Hussey will make enquiries regarding it. The teeth, which are very smooth, lead many to think that it is an Indian skull, an aborigine's teeth as a rule being much smoother than a white man's.

The Beaver Scheme.

Mr. R. H. Benedict, who returned a few weeks ago from a very successful trip to California in the interest of the company formed to take the old steamer Beaver to Chicago, leaves for the east to-night on a similar trip. He will visit Chicago, New York, Montreal and the other large cities and endeavor to float the rest of the stock among the eastern capitalists. About half of the stock has already been subscribed, and Mr. Benedict does not predict much trouble in placing the rest of it.

Assault Case.

The young man who was summonsed last evening by Officer McNeil on a charge of assaulting a Chinaman, was up in the Provincial Court this morning before Messrs. Ward and Pearson, J. P.'s. He explained that the Chinaman aimed an axe at him and he struck in self-defense. The explanation was not accepted, however, and he was fined $20 and $3.75 costs.

On Official Business.

Supt. Hussey of the provincial police leaves by the Islander to-morrow morning for the mainland on official business, the particulars of which he is not yet prepared to give. No doubt his trip will result in some good, as his trips generally do.

Yesterday's Explosion.

Foreman Picardi, who was injured by the explosion on Douglas street yesterday, is progressing very favorably. Nearly all the glass broken has been replaced by the contractors.

SPENCER'S ARCADE

MILLINERY OPENING

Thursday, March 17.

Miss Lazenby has returned with New York, Toronto and Chicago novelties, which we will show with the latest Paris and London styles secured by our London buyer.

D. SPENCER, - Government St.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR CHOICEST

CARPETS, WILTONS,

BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY.

Elegant Line of White Lace and Swiss Curtains.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE COMPANY.

66 TO 68 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Sample Chocolate Free.

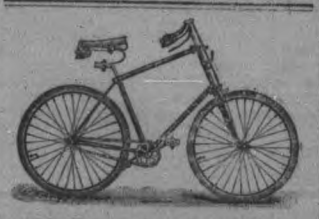
A postal card addressed to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal, will secure you samples of Menier's delicious imported Chocolate, with directions for using.

Clarence Hotel.

The Clarence hotel is now open. Offices to rent on the first floor. Special rates for rooms by the week or month. Apply office, first floor. *

A Fashionable Drink.

Menier Chocolate is a fashionable drink. Did you ever try it? Send postal card for samples and directions to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal.



RUDGE BICYCLES.

C. A. Godson, sole Agent for Victoria. Terms on application. Wheels always on hand, to be seen at sample room, 46½ Yates street. m21-1m

IF YOU DON'T GET YOUR JEWELERY MANUFACTURED & YOUR WATCHES REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED AT KINGHAM & MINORS. WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MANUFACTURING GOLD & SILVER JEWELERY INTO ANY SHAPE OR FORM. YOU FURNISH THE IDEA, WE DO THE REST. REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED. CHARGES MODERATE. ALL WORK GUARANTEED AT KINGHAM & MINORS 49 GOVERNMENT ST.

—:NEW:—

JAPANESE GOODS

Just received by last steamer, consisting of all kinds of Silk Goods, Tea Sets, Vases, Trays, abinets, Writing Desks, Screens, Chairs, abies, Toys of all kinds, great variety of brics, Bronzeware, etc. The finest lot of Japanese Goods in the city.

ROKUBAN CO.

150 GOVERNMENT ST.

KASLO CITY

The Centre of the Great Kootenay Mining District in B.C.

This young and thriving City is situated on Kootenay Lake at the mouth of Kaslo River, within close proximity to the famous Kaslo and Slocan mines.

The discoveries during the present year of numerous mines of remarkably rich ore and great width on Kaslo river and east of Slocan Lake are well known to the public. They have attracted the attention of capitalists and miners all over the continent, and there is no question that these mines, which are tributary to KASLO CITY, will receive more attention than those of any other section of Kootenay.

A spacious hotel has been built for the accommodation of travelers. Stores and other buildings have also been erected. The townsite is being cleared and streets graded so as to forward the large amount of building that will be in progress as soon as material is secured for construction. A trail has been built to the mines, which will be replaced by a wagon road as soon as the work can be prosecuted. The grade to the mines is an easy one. An application for a charter to build a railway line into the mines from Kaslo will be made at the coming session of the Legislature. Everything is being done that circumstances will permit to give easy access to the mines and furnish supplies for the miners. KASLO CITY will have a large population this summer. It will become the supply depot for the richest mining section yet discovered in British Columbia. Unlike many mountain towns, it is most favorably situated on a gentle slope from the waters of a sheltered bay on Kootenay Lake, and is supplied for domestic and manufacturing purposes, by a large stream of pure cold water.

If you wish to participate in the profits that enchanced values will bring don't fail to invest in Kaslo City. Lots are on sale at the offices of all the Leading Real Estate Brokers in the Province.

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PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

(Continued from page 2.)

nothing whatever to do with the writing of that editorial.

Mr. Brown—Excuse me, I did not say that.

Col. Baker—The hon. member says he did not say he had not written that editorial, leaving it to be presumed that he did (laughter).

Mr. Brown—I repeat that I never made any such remarks. I left it to the honorable members of the House to be presumed that I had not written that editorial. (Applause).

Col. Baker—I am sure I apologize if I have said anything to offend him, or have misunderstood him. He says he did not and there's an end of it. Col. Baker concluded by saying that it was but right to have the author of that article brought before the bar of the House, and if found guilty punished. If newspapers, disappointed by the defeat of some measure in which they are interested, were allowed to express their opinions in such violent and insulting language the dignity of the House could not be maintained.

Dr. Milne said that as a member of the private bills committee he could say that he never read a more impudent and insulting editorial. It was positively scandalous. The hon. member for Yale had not read nearly all the slander and libel the article contained. There were not two lines in it which did not contain an insult to the private bills committee. He then cited instances from the editorial and said he felt deeply insulted by the references therein made.

Mr. Booth said he was surprised to see Mr. Brown attempting to defend an article like that. Mr. Brown had plainly intimated that the writer wrote one thing and wished another to be understood.

Mr. Brown replying said that in this House it was almost better to say nothing. If a member did say anything his words were taken and twisted, contorted, misconstrued and turned upside down that no vestige of the original statement was left. Misrepresentation seemed to suit the honorable members opposite better than anything else. He then reiterated his explanations in defence of the Columbian's editor.

Mr. Hunter hoped the Attorney-General would find some summary means of bringing this man, whoever he may be, before the bar of this house. A A more atrocious, slanderous, scurrulous article he never read. After this he would not be surprised to see Mr. Brown endorsing any iniquity. Mr. Brown seemed strangely illogical today. He had attempted a defence of this vile article on grounds that could not be entertained. It was the greatest libel ever perpetrated on any member or gentleman in this province. He wanted the dignity of this government upheld. The insinuation had been made the private bills committee were open to bribery, to be corrupted, to be bought with gold. Mr. Brown should not attempt to defend the utterances of a man who could make such insinuations.

Mr. Semlin said that certainly this article ought not to be written, but the honorable members were now making far too much of it. If they would take the trouble to look, they would find that equally libellous articles had been written against the members of the Dominion House of Commons. (Loud cries of "no, no" from the government side). To the members of the private bills committee he could say "Be without fear and without reproach," and there would be nothing to be alarmed at in any article that might be written. Of course he did not wish to be understood as defending the article; far from it, but too much was being made of it altogether. To bring the writer of it before the bar of the House as has been suggested would be to commit a greater blunder than the writing of the article had been. As for him, if his own conscience told him that he had done right he cared nothing for the attacks of the press or the remarks of individuals. (Applause).

Mr. Sword said that in reply to the question that had been asked as to how it came that, as Mr. Brown said, public feeling had run high at the time, this could have been when there was only a few hours between the report getting to Westminster and the publication of the editorial, he would say that public irritation had been excited by a previous report of a meeting held on the 2nd March.

Mr. Hunter said they were experts at manufacturing public opinion up in Westminster. In fact the city council there had quite a reputation for such manufactures.

Mr. Brown—It has, eh?

Mr. Hunter—Yes, the hon. member should know that.

Mr. Brown rose to reply and Hon. John Robson objected.

Mr. Brown—Oh, he's afraid of what I'm going to say (laughter).

Hon. John Robson—Oh, no, I'm not afraid of what the hon. member is going to say, but he has already spoken four times.

Hon. Mr. Robson then spoke. He said the article in question was a gross breach of the privileges of this House. The hon. members should drop party distinction on the occasion of an attack such as this and stand shoulder to shoulder against the libeller, no matter to what party he belonged. It was well enough for Mr. Semlin to say that further notice of the article would be merely lionizing the writer, but the honor of this House had to be sternly protected. Suppose any court of the land had been attacked in such language; what would be the result? The offender would be brought up promptly and appropriately punished. How much more then this House? If this gross attack is not noticed and properly dealt with it will go to the country and the people would believe the slanders. The press would teem with similar attacks to the detriment of the dignity of the House. The present was a gross slander and should not be allowed to pass. He would therefore move the following resolution:—

"That the attention of this House having been directed to a leading article appearing in the Daily Columbian newspaper, published at New Westminster, on Thursday, March 17, 1892, entitled "outrageous presumption" —resolved that in the opinion of this House, the said leading article is a scandelous libel against certain members of this House, and is a high contempt of the privileges and of the constitutional authority of this House; and it appearing that the said Daily Columbian newspaper is published by James M. Kennedy and Robert Kennedy, both resident at the city of New Westminster; be it further resolved, that the said James Kennedy and Robert Kennedy be summoned to appear at the bar of the House on Tuesday next, the 29th day of March inst., at the hour of 2 o'clock p.m., to answer for the said scandelous libel and the contempt aforesaid."

Moving this resolution was not a pleasant duty to perform, but so long as he was connected with this House he would endeavor to do his duty impartially and his best to defend the honor of the House. He was himself an old member of the press and he therefore felt a fraternal interest in the craft, but it would be unjust to the members of the House and to the publishers themselves to pass over such an insult.

Hon. Mr. Davie seconded the resolution. He had experienced both pleasure and pain in listening to this debate. It had given him pleasure to hear the noble expression of opinion by the hon. member for Nanaimo. He had shown that he could rise above party feeling and state honest expressions although one of those praised by the writer of the article, and although it placed him in opposition to his political friends. He had felt pain at the miserable palliation, the wretched praise heaped upon the author of this gross calumny in terms of the highest praise. He cordially endorsed every word uttered in condemnation of this article. The man who wrote it is worse than a coward, he is a thief. If the writer of that article had stolen the tangible property of the members of the private bills committee whom he so outrageously slandered, they could demand justly that he be put in the penitentiary. But he had done far worse than that; he had attempted to filch away their characters, and tried to hold these honorable gentlemen up as thieves and robbers. A common thief in comparison to this man stands out as a perfect gentleman. A man's character once aspersed in this manner can never be repaired. The refutations of the slanders, if any be published, can never reach where the calumnies have circulated; can never atone for the irreparable injury done. He was ashamed of the defence that had been offered for such a calumniator. It was shameful for anyone to come here and attempt to palliate such attacks.

Hon. Mr. Pooley warmly defended the honor of the House and taxed Mr. Semlin with trying to smooth over what should be taken notice of and punished.

Mr. Semlin said the people of this Province were too intelligent to be guided much by the editorials published in the newspapers. They would not pay any attention to anything extravagant so published, and would not to the article in question. He would not support the resolution.

Mr. Keith strongly advocated that such action be taken by the House that the offence should not be likely to occur again. If the House put its foot firmly down once and for all, probably no more such slanders would be heard of. He cited an instance of a similar nature which was weakly dealt with at the time. Had vigorous action been taken then this case would never have occurred. He would give the resolution his hearty support.

Mr. Martin again sprung to his feet and said the private bills committee had been made the victims of vile abuse and he believed the writer was in Victoria to-day, and then related another instance of an attack on the Government which appeared in the Columbian on a previous date.

The Speaker said he did not think this could be received in relation to the other case.

Hon. Mr. Davie thought it could. In the trial of an action for libel anything the libeller ever wrote could be taken in evidence against him.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said the House must first decide whether all this was in order before they could proceed further. The question of privilege was very frequently abused in this House. The resolution should have been moved by the person who made the question of privilege. But before any action of this kind could be taken a committee would have to be appointed to enquire into the facts of the case. The offenders would have to be taken into custody before they could be brought before the bar of the House. Mr. Beaven then quoted from May to establish his point.

Mr. Cotton moved the adjournment of the debate. Even without the action of the hon. leader of the Opposition he was constrained to say that the House might have cause to regret the passing of this resolution. It was easy for an editor in the hasty preparation of copy to say things that were, perhaps, a little too strong for the case. He knew that from personal experience. The Colonist last Sunday, for instance, had referred to him as a "sneak and a liar" (laughter). That was not a very nice way to talk about anyone, especially a member of this House. But he did not think it wise to follow up all such cases; if that were his plan he could have had the Colonist up no less than 14 times for such statements. They had called him everything that was uncomplimentary, but he did not think it necessary to defend his fair name. Editorial comment should not appear in the local columns of a paper. If this rule was followed here there would be fewer rows and better newspapers. He then referred to the nuisance of the lobbying system and complained of the presence in the committee rooms of the House of persons who had no business to be there.

The motion to adjourn the debate was put and lost.

Mr. Brown said he did not intend to support the resolution. He had been accused of defending that article in its entirety. Honorable members had thrown out insinuations the drift of which it was impossible to mistake. They were not manly enough to speak out boldly and say what they meant. As regarded the article, if men could be prevented from writing so violently it would be of great advantage to the country. But it was a fact that public opinion in Westminster had been excited on this question for a considerable time before the appearance of the editorial that had caused the trouble. The people up there had been following it very closely, and the failure of the members to grant the privilege sought was considered in the light of an outrage. He did not think for one moment that the editor of that paper wished to insinuate that the members were bribed. But the opponents of that bill had been haunting the House for three weeks, leaving their business and giving up their time, and he did not think they would have done so if there was nothing to gain by it. The members of the Government were making all this hubbub about the affair because they were glad of the opportunity to sit down on the Opposition press, and especially upon a paper which was noted for expressing its opinions freely and boldly. Only a short time ago the Premier did his best to crush and damage a young and inexperienced member of this House, and when he found out that he was wrong did he apologize? Oh, no, that was not to be thought of. But when there is a chance to sit down upon a political opponent he never fails to take it. The Premier was actuated by feelings of malice against one of the men mentioned in that resolution. At a public meeting at Westminster the Premier had made an outrageous attack upon this man and instead of waiting to let him have a chance to speak in reply left the hall.

Hon. Mr. Robson in explanation said that on that occasion he had said all he intended to say and therefore left the place at once.

Mr. Sword said he was often attacked by the papers, but never thought it worth while to notice them. He moved an amendment that a select committee be appointed to enquire into a leading article which appeared in the columns of the Daily Columbian of New Westminster and report to this House. Also to strike out all the words after "that" in the resolution.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said that as the hon. members appeared willing to act in a manner contrary to the statutes and rules of the House he hoped they might not have cause to regret it. The amendment by Mr. Sword was a step in the right direction. Probably no person in the province had been subjected to more charges and misrepresentations than himself, yet he had never brought anybody to the bar of the House.

Hon. Mr. Davie—You nearly did once.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—I don't recollect it. It was never my wish to bring anyone before the bar of the House, and I question the power of the House to bring those editors to the bar. The British House of Commons, the highest body in the land, never has recourse to such a method. We cannot do wrong in abiding by the decisions and practices of that august body. We should be foolish if we departed from those practices. The Dominion House once summoned a person to appear at the bar and he would not come, and the House could not compel him. We should be careful to see that this House shall not be placed in a position so humiliating.

Hon. Mr. Davie, quoting from Bourinot, stated that the practice referred to by the hon. Leader of the Opposition was obsolete. This Government was the highest tribunal in the Province and takes precedence of all other powers in the Province in every matter, and he for one would not like to be the man to fly in the face of the mandates of a body like this. This House represented the will of the people, and by dragging the privileges of this House in the mire the offenders dragged the will of the people in the mire also.

The Speaker ruled that the motion had been regularly put.

The amendment was put and lost.

The voting stood as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Semlin, McKenzie, Sword, Kitchen, Cotton, Beaven and Brown—7.

Nays—Messrs. Grant, Punch, Horne, Smith, Keith, Baker, Robson, Davie, Vernon, Eberts, Stoddart, Booth, Hall, Nason, Pooley, Turner, Martin, Croft, Hunter, Rogers, Anderson and Fletcher —22.

The original motion was carried on the following division:—

Yeas—Messrs. Grant, Punch, Horne, Smith, Keith, Baker, Robson, Davie, Vernon, Eberts, Stoddart, Booth, Hall, Nason, Pooley, Turner, Martin, Croft, Hunter, Rogers, Anderson and Fletcher —22.

Nays—Messrs. Semlin, McKenzie, Sword, Kitchen, Cotton and Brown—6.

The House rose at 6 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

Col. Baker moved the second reading of the bill intituled "An Act to Amend the Columbia and Kootenay Railway and Navigation Company Act, 1890."

Bill read a second time, to be committed on Monday next.

VICTORIA CITY ENABLING BILL.

In the absence of Dr. Milne, Mr. Beaven moved the second reading of the Victoria City Enabling Bill, explaining its provisions and showing the necessity there existed for the passage of a bill of this kind. It had been the practice for years past to over expend the revenue and leave the payment of the indebtedness thereby created to future councils. The Municipal Act gave no relief; it did not even allow a by-law to be placed before the ratepayers with a view of paying off the liabilities so incurred. The corporation had no desire to repudiate its obligations; what it wished was merely legislative authority to replace all moneys diverted from

Continued on page 7.

Mothers

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend. 35 doses, 35 cents. *

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NOTICE

COMMENCING TUESDAY, MARCH 15TH, the steamer "City of Seattle" will be laid up for repairs, being succeeded on the Whatcom Route by the steamer "Premier." On the same date the steamer "Eliza Anderson" will be taken off the Everett Route.
G. G. CHANDLER, G. F. & P. A.
mh17-ap1

NOTICE.

HAVING ACQUIRED ALL THE STOCK and interest of the Vancouver Island Land and Investment Co., Limited, the business will in future be carried on in my own name.
mh8-1m HENRY CROFT.

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ap2

DRAWING.

The 56th drawing for an appropriation in the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Wednesday, the 23rd March, 1892, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing.
B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
Victoria, B.C., March 16, 1892. td

NOTICE.

TO CARPENTERS, PLUMBERS AND OTHERS.

TENDERS ARE REQUIRED for certain alterations, additions and repairs to No. 52 Belleville street, James Bay.

Plans and specifications may be seen at my office, where tenders will be received up till 12 o'clock noon of Saturday, March 26th, 1892.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.
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FOR IMPROVING THE STEAM heating apparatus and ventilation of the Central School, Victoria, will be received until Monday, the 4th April next at 4 p.m.

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fa18-tf

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NOTICE OF REMOVAL

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
Has removed to No. 137 Cormorant St., above Blanchard.
fe3-tf

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

[Continued from page 6.]

their proper use and pay off the debts incurred. Further as persons resident within the extended limits of the city had paid their taxes to the Provincial Government it was desirable to enter the names of such residents on the voters' list of the city for 1892 and accordingly authority was asked to do this. It was also proposed to ask leave to amend the Victoria Water Works Act, 1873, so as to give the corporation power to enter on any land within 20 miles of the city and lay the mains along or across any public highway.

Mr. Davie wished to have some explanation regarding certain clauses of the bill. He could not understand how it was that power was sought to replace the money arising from the supply of water from, or from the real and personal property connected with the Victoria water works that was, prior to 1892, paid into the general revenue of the corporation. The money had been expended for the benefit of the corporation, and it really amounted to this that money had been taken out of one pocket and placed in another. Moreover it appeared as if the promoters of the bill had not as much confidence in the people as they professed to have. The Government had been blamed for not trusting the people and for passing legislation which ignored the rights of the people, and yet it was found that the men who had been foremost in making such changes now appealed to the Legislature to grant them power to raise money without even so much as asking the consent of the people.

Bill then passed its second reading to be committed at the next sitting of the House.

MUNICIPAL BILL.

Upon consideration of this bill being resumed in committee, Hon. Mr. Davie said that he should withdraw the clause proposed by him at the previous sitting, making a liquor license an appurtenance to the premises. He thought that in its present shape it would work injustice upon tenants who had no leases. It could be brought up in different form, so as to do justice both to landlord and tenant.

Mr. Brown moved to insert the following section:

"Section 201 of the Municipal Act, 1891, is hereby amended by inserting after the wore 'offence,' in the second line, the words 'or for a second time of any violation of the Liquor License Regulation Act, 1891.'"

The motion was lost on a division.

Mr. Beaven moved to insert the following:

Section 201 of the Municipal Act, 1891, is hereby amended by striking out in line two all the words after "Commissioners" down to and including the word "issued" in line 3.

The motion carried.

Mr. Davie moved the following:

Section 201 of the Municipal Act, 1891, is amended by striking out the word "shall" in line 3 and inserting "may" in lieu thereof, and by adding these words: "Subsection A—The board shall have power, on cancellation of a license under this or the preceding section, to reissue such license to a suitable person."

The motion carried.

The Attorney-General then moved his clause relating to the appointment of a police magistrate and, in doing so, stated that it was high time for British Columbia to follow the example of civilized communities in this respect. The most objectionable feature of the present system was that a police magistrate often imposed fines as punishment of offences merely in order to swell the revenues of the municipality.

Mr. Beaven asked the Attorney-General if he knew of any instance of a police magistrate resigning by reason of interference on the part of a municipal council. And if he did not and if no complaint had been made what reason had he to suppose that it would be in the interest of the Province to make such a change in the administration of justice as was now proposed to be made? There was a time in the history of the province when this retrogressive policy was adopted by the Government but one year's brief experience sufficed to show the gravity of the blunder that had been committed; and as a matter of fact there was then, and has been since, such opposition to the change that the Premier, who introduced the measure, lost the confidence of the electors of Victoria and had never since been able to regain it. The Government has, under the present law, as many checks as should be sought after by any Government. The appointment of a police magistrate is now subject to the approval of the Governor-in-Council and, moreover, none can fill the position unless he is a justice of the peace. These two checks he (Mr. Beaven) would not advise the removal of, as they had not so far been found to work disadvantageously. But there were other restrictions proposed in the bill which were of a less commendable character. The magistrate would not be allowed to act as solicitor in any proceeding of a criminal nature, and must therefore devote his whole time to the discharge of his duties as magistrate. This meant that a very high salary must be paid him and that, too, by the corporation. How a municipality would be situated might be seen from this: That only a limited revenue was allowed it, from which it was compelled to deduct the cost of education, of the police, of the magistrate, and so forth. Thus nothing would be left to run the corporation on. It was wrong in principle for the Legislature to say to the municipalities, "You are allowed so much revenue; so much of it you must spend this way, and so much that way." The Government was gradually encroaching on the rights of the people and centralizing power in itself. It would be better to carry the process out to its logical conclusion and do away with municipalities and the local Government and have only the one Government at Ottawa to administer affairs. But experience shows that the people, if entrusted with power, are quite capable of governing themselves, though sometimes they do make mistakes in the men they select for the Executive Council. The Government should follow the true policy of encouraging, instead of discouraging, the formation of municipalities. Ontario was different from British Columbia. Here we had a few scattered municipalities, there they were all over the Province, and if the Government wished to follow the practice of Ontario in the appointment of a police magistrate it would be necessary first to remodel the whole system of administering justice and make it conform in all respects to that of Ontario.

Again, the carelessness with which the Bill was framed was evident from the fact that it was proposed to compel the Mayor to discharge the duties of the magistrate in the absence of that official. Surely nothing could be more absurd than this. Did the Government imagine that because the electors of a municapality deemed a man fit to hold the office of mayor he was therefore capable of exercising the functions of a judge in important civil and criminal cases? It was preposterous to think so and he for one would decline to shoulder a responsibility of so grave a character.

Mr. Robson stated that Mr. Beaven was arguing against himself, for small, scattered communities, such as were to be found in British Columbia, were less fit to appoint judges than the larger, thickly populated municipalities of Ontario, and yet in the latter Province the Government stepped in and appointed the judges. The administration of justice was different from everything else. For it the Government was responsible and it therefore followed that the Government should have the power to appoint its judges and fix the salary. It would be different if the municipalities shouldered all the responsibility. It was the Dominion Government that appointed the Supreme and County Court judges of the Province and it was fair that the Local Government should appoint the magistrates next in rank and authority.

Mr. Kitchen—"But the Dominion Government pays the judges it appoints, whereas you leave it to the municipalities to pay those you appoint."

Mr. Robson—"We do pay the magistrates indirectly."

Mr. Robson, continuing, referred to the practice in the United States where all the petty judges were elected by the people. That is the curse of the United States. Judges so appointed must please the municipality by imposing fines in every case to swell the municipal revenues. The tendency of such a system was essentially bad, for it placed the judges in a false position. The Government also was placed in a false position for it might refuse, for sufficient reasons, to sanction an appointment made by a municipality.

Mr. Beaven asked that the debate be adjourned, but this was refused.

Mr. Cotton stated that the leader of the Government had in 1886 taken charge of the bill to grant Vancouver a charter and by that charter the city was to have the right to appoint a police magistrate. The bill was good then and what had since happened to change the mind of the Premier? The council of Vancouver had gone to great pains and expense in making amendments to their charter and now the Government proposed to step in and itself attend to the municipal affairs.

Mr. Brown observed that the Government proposed to appoint the police magistrates leaving it to the municipalities to pay the piper. The Government went even further. It imposed duties on the mayor; it made the city clerk the officer of the police magistrate who could pack him in his coat pocket; and it made the police magistrate a Stipendiary magistrate within the electoral district for which he is a justice of the peace. This meant that the police magistrate of New Westminster might be called upon to perform duties in any part of New Westminster district while the city had to pay his salary. The ostensible reason for making the police magistrate a Government appointee was to make him more independent, but such would not be the effect. He would be tied down and closely watched just as the school trustees are, and, like them, he would have to walk carefully or his head would come off. That officer should be chosen by the council alone as he was paid by the council and enforced the by-laws made by it.

Mr. Kitchen objected to a dictatorship and was in favor of more Home Rule.

Mr. Hunter favored the bill.

Mr. Semlin thought there should be no interference until the municipalities had complained of the existing state of affairs. It was not so long ago since a Provincial Secretary and an Attorney-General were appointed from Downing street and although the province now had nominally at least responsible Government, it was proposed to violate one of the fundamental principles of responsible Government at the present time.

The Government objecting to an adjournment, the following clauses passed:

"Sections 219 and 269 of the 'Municipal Act, 1891,' are hereby repealed."

22. The council of every city shall establish therein a police office, and the police magistrate shall attend at such police office daily, or at such times and for such period as may be necessary for the disposal of the business brought before him as a justice of the peace; but any justice of the peace having jurisdiction in a city may, at the request of the police magistrate thereof, act in his stead at the police office.

The committee then rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

The House then adjourned at 11:30 o'clock.

A Beau of 1839.

When grandpa went a wooing,
He wore a satin vest,
A trail of running roses
Embroidered on the breast.
The pattern of his trousers,
His linen, white and fine,
Were all the latest fashion
In eighteen twenty-nine

Grandpa was a fine-looking young fellow then, so the old ladies say, and he is a fine-looking old gentleman now. For the past score of years he has been a firm believer in the merits of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, "It renewed my youth," he frequently says. It is the only blood purifier and liver invigorator guaranteed to benefit or cure, or money promptly refunded. It cures liver diseases, dyspepsia, scrofulous sores, skin eruptions, and all diseases of the blood. For lingering coughs and consumption (which is lung scrofula in its early stages) it is an unparalleled remedy.

Prizes Won in Victoria B. C.

At the last Literary Competition, held by the "Ladies Pictorial," of Toronto, Mrs. Vantreight of Gordon Head, was awarded a handsome prize, a silver fruit dish. A prize was also won by her 11-year old son, probably the youngest of such successful competitors.

Razors, strops and complete line of shaving materials at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF MILK

Why pay such extravagant prices for Milk and Cream, when by diluting

HIGHLAND BRAND EVAPORATED CREAM

you can obtain a much more delicious article for use on on the table or in the kitchen for less money. It has no equal as an

INFANTS' FOOD.

Ask your grocer for it.

To Investors, Settlers, and Speculators:

To such we confidently commend the following properties, most of which, beyond all doubt, will prove splendid investments, sure to treble their present value in the very near future.

18.—100 acres, Shawnigan Lake, a bargain, $350.
19.—100 acres, West Saanich road, seven miles from city, cheap.
20.—150 acres West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, 50 acres under crop. A snap at the price asked.
21.—250 acres, West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, cleared.
22.—142 acres, West Saanich road, half mile water front, splendid fishing, shooting and hunting.
23.—130 acres, West Saanich road, good house, etc., 20 acres cleared; would lease.
24.—70 acres, East Saanich road.
25.—100 acres, East Saanich road.
26.—50 acres, East Saanich road, good land, partly cleared and fenced, with cottage and fruit trees.
27.—Four farms at Cobble Hill.
28.—One farm close to Langford Station.
29.—60 acres in five and ten acre blocks, close to city limits, $400 and $500 per acre.
30.—Three fine building lots, Grant street, Fernwood, only $1900, easy terms.
31.—Three fine building lots, Fowl Bay road, one minute from Cadboro and Oak Bay cars, $1400.
32.—30 acres, Sec. 15, R. 6 W. Seven acres cleared. $75 per acre.
33.—162 acres, W portions of Secs. 72, 73, 74, Prospect Lake, mixed land, $25 per acre, easy terms

SNAPS:

34.—For rent or sale, superior built 5-roomed cottage, woodshed, etc. Lot 60x120. Splendid location for chicken raising.
35.—Rent and sale, 4-roomed cottage, close to car; woodshed, etc. Price $1150; cash $150, balance $50 quarterly, at 7 per cent.
36.—Splendid business opening (hotel) for party with $6000 cash.
37.—Splendid business opening (grocery) for party with $4000 cash.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.

5 STORE STREET,
OPPOSITE RAILWAY DEPOT

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

AT THE REGULAR MEETING of this Society to be held at the Society Hall on Wednesday, 6th April next, at 8 p.m. a motion will be made to amend article No. 3 of the constitution, in addition to regular business. A full attendance of members is requested.

By order
THOS. FLEWIN,
Victoria, March 12th, 1892. President.
mar14-td

B.C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Society will be held at Pioneer Hall, Broad street, on Friday, 1st April next, at 8 p.m. Special business of great importance will be considered in addition to election of officers. A full attendance of members is requested.

By order,
GEORGE FAIRBROTHER,
President.
Victoria, March 12th, 1892. mh14-td

FOR SALE
ON THE FRASER RIVER,
160 ACRES.

Good land, in Township 14, New Westminster District. For further particulars apply to
D. W. SUTHERLAND,
jy13-tf Mt Lehman, B.C.

PLATE GLASS

We have a consignment of Plate Glass, which we expect

To Arrive About April.

APPLY TO

MUIRHEAD & MANN

2-tf

C. F. MacKENZIE
CARPENTER & BUILDER
Workshop, 67 Douglas St.

Stores and offices fitted up. House repairs promptly attended to. j5-3m

CHICKEN FENCING.
WOVEN LATH AND WIRE.
Four feet high and only 18 cents per yard.

McLENNAN & McFEELY,
Corner Government and Johnson Sts.
mh9-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

EXHIBITION AND DANCE
BY THE
Victoria Athletic Club
For the benefit of their Band Fund
FRIDAY, MARCH 25th, '92
IN ASSEMBLY ROOMS, FORT ST.

The Exhibition will consist of athletic, acrobatic and gymnastic performances; to conclude with a dance and supper. A first-class orchestra has been secured for the occasion.
Admission to Exhibition, 50c; to Exhibition, Dance and Supper, $1.00. Doors open at 7:30, performance at 8 sharp.
mh18-td

SPIRITUALIST SOCIETY

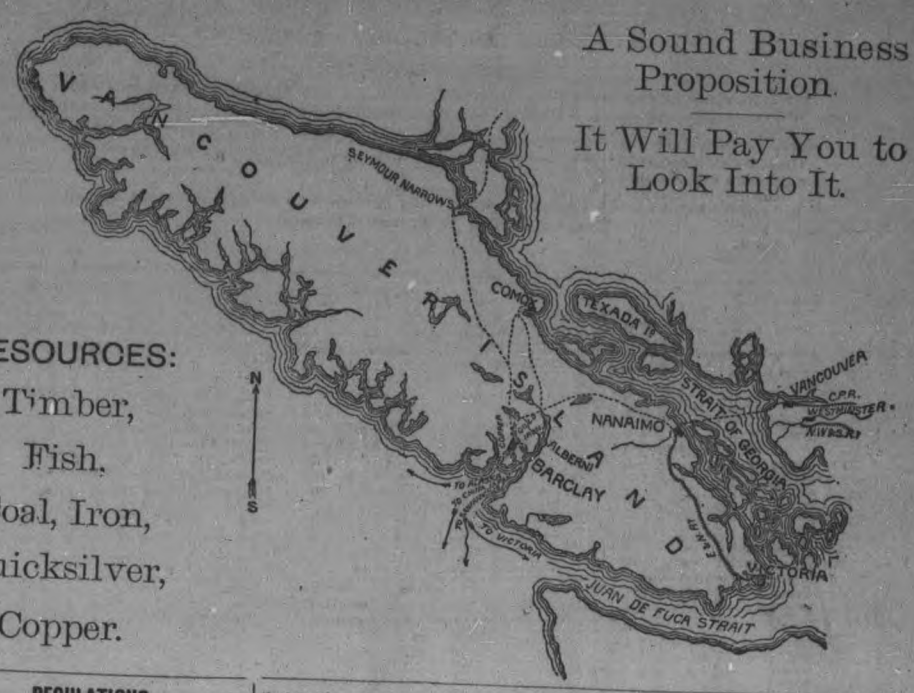
Anniversary Social and Dance
To be held in Harmony Hall,
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30th.

Tickets admitting gentleman and lady, $1.50.
mh21-td

BARCLAY, B.C.

A Sound Business Proposition.

It Will Pay You to Look Into It.



RESOURCES:
Timber,
Fish,
Coal, Iron,
Quicksilver,
Copper.

REGULATIONS
Concerning Sale and Purchase of Lots in Barclay

There shall be 1,500 lots, and no more, placed upon the market, in the original townsite.

The price of the first 25 lots as surveyed, and without improvements, shall be $25 each.

The purchase money shall be used as follows, and in the order herein written:
5 per cent. shall be paid as commission to the broker effecting the sale.
20 per cent. shall be deposited in the permanent improvement fund.
15 per cent. shall be deposited in the advertising fund.
10 per cent. shall be deposited in the building fund.

The next twenty-five lots having received the benefit of the 45 per cent. deducted from the price of the lots already sold, shall be inreased in price $10 each, that is to say, $35 per lot, and each successive twenty-five lots shall be increased $10, till the whole 1,550 lots be sold, at which time there will be expended in permanent improvement fund, $36,000; in advertising, $72,000.

No purchaser may purchase more than two lots from any twenty-five, but will have to pay the $10 advance on each two additional lots purchased.

While no lots can be sold below this schedule, the Company reserves the right to donate any number of lots, water or otherwise, to industries employing labor, making the consideration in each case a bond for the employment of a certain amount of white labor, such lots of land to be granted from the lots and land on the map, marked reserved.

ITS GEOGRAPHICAL SITUATION:

At the head of Barclay Sound proper, and at the mouth of the Alberni Canal, easy of access at any time, to craft of any size or style, yet fully sheltered from any and every wind, lies the most perfect harbor on the Pacific coast, three miles long by three-fourths of a mile in width. The rugged hills, that at the entrance and on the North side plunge into the water almost in the form of cliffs, on the South, rise and a mile into the harbor, swing away from the water, leaving a beautiful low shore, sufficiently sloping for drainage, and extending back to the hills which lie three-fourths of a mile or more from the water front. The Barclay Sound Land and Improvement Company has acquired this as the most suitable locality on the West Coast of Vancouver Island for a townsite.

GENERAL AGENTS { CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS,
PAGE & McGREGOR,
YOUNG, BARTLETT & CO.

THE BARCLAY SOUND LAND & IMPROVEMENT CO.
VICTORIA, B. C.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),
ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes).

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early the present year, has already become a favorite fuel domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.
Dec. 30.

NEW WELLINGTON
COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants, at current rates:

The Victoria Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard.
Charles Rattray, at Janion's Wharf
Rock Bay Coal Yard
Central Coal Yard.

"Nanaimo" Coal can be obtained from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.
dec30

MUNICIPAL.
Dog Tax for Year 1892

THE OWNERS OF ALL DOGS within the limits of the city of Victoria are requested to call at my office and pay the Tax on same.

Dogs for which the Tax has not been paid, on and after this date will be impounded according to the provisions of the Pound By-Law.

CHARLES KENT,
Collector.
City Treasurer and Collector's office,
City Hall, Victoria, B.C., March 8th, 1892.

MUNICIPAL.
United States Silver Coin

ON AND AFTER THE FIRST DAY OF March next, the Treasurer and collectors of the Corporation of the City of Victoria will receive United States silver coin only at a discount of five per cent.

CHAS. KENT,
fe26 Treasurer.

BANKERS' NOTICE.
UNITED STATES SILVER COIN

FROM AND AFTER 1ST MARCH PROX., the following banks will only receive United States silver coin at a discount of Five per cent.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,
WM. C. WARD, Manager.
BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,
G. H. BURNS, Manager.
BANK OF MONTREAL,
A. J. GALLETLY, Manager.
GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
FRED. T. WORLOCK, Manager.
Victoria, B.C., 23th Feb. 1892. -1m

SEEDS THAT WILL GROW

My Price List of Seeds, Plants and Requisites, for 1892, is now ready. If you have not received one, send post card with your address and you will receive one by next mail. My seeds are all tested before being sent out.

PLANTS, SHRUBS, TREES
AND
Everything Required in the Garden or Greenhouse

G. A. McTAVISH,
Seedsman, Florist and Nurseryman. 9 Par Road, Victoria.

C. B. LOCKART & CO.,
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. au15

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

INVESTMENTS

$650—One improved lot on Oak Bay avenue on easy terms.
$425—Three lots on Chestnut street, close to the car line.
$500—Two lots on Grant street, West Fernwood.
$600—One lot on Fernwood road, on easy terms.
$600—One lot on King's road, 125 feet frontage.
$800—One lot on Market street, close to corner of Market and Fern.
$1,250—One lot in Michigan street, James Bay.
$3,600—Large 10-roomed residence on Oak Bay avenue.
$2,250—Six-roomed house on Cormorant street.
$200—An acre, for good land, in blocks of one, five and ten acres, within easy distance of town.
$700—One lot on Fourth street, Work Estate.
$2000—An acre, for one, two or three acres, situate on St. Charles street.
$1350—An acre, for one or two acres, situate on Oak Bay and Cowan avenues. Suitable for subdivision.
$315—One building lot on Baleshine road, Cloverdale, within five minutes' walk of the car line.
$1150—A small 4-roomed cottage on Fort street, on easy terms of payment.
$300—One large lot on Burdett street, close to car line.

BARCLAY LOTS

Are to-day selling at $95 for inside lots and $105 for corners. Terms 1 cash, balance in three and six months.

We have houses for sale in all sections of the city.

TO LET.

A 6-roomed house on Randall street.....$18 00
Two 5-roomed houses on Centre road.....12 00
Two 5-roomed houses on South road.....12 00
Two 7-roomed houses on Oak Bay avenue.....17 50
One bakery on Spring Ridge.....7 00
Also a corner store, Fernwood road.....12 00

TO BREWERS:

We have a brewery and residence to lease for a term of years, at a low rental and centrally located.

PAGE & MacGREGOR

18—Trounce Avenue—18

NOTARIES PUBLIC. CONVEYANCERS.

FROM THE SEALING GROUNDS.

Arrival of the Thistle From San Francisco With News of the Sealers.

The steamer Thistle, the only steamer engaged in the sealing business, arrived in the harbor this morning, and after a slight encounter with the Annie C. Moore, in which the latter's jib stay was carried away, came to anchor. She is three weeks out from San Francisco and came in for coal; she has 79 skins. Capt. Nickerson reports the seals scarce and hard to get along the coast. The Thistle spoke the Tupper before coming into the straits, with 293 skins; the Sea Lion when last heard from had 270; the Rand is in Barclay Sound with 15; the Lillie L. with 72. The Thistle will remain here several days and then leave for the West Coast and nothern waters.

There was a very unpleasant time with four of the crew the whole trip. These men were shipped here, and almost from the date of sailing made themselves as disagreeable as they could. The ground of their complaint was that they would not sling coal in the hold to fill the bunkers. The steamer used very little steam, only enough to follow the boats slowly all day and then proceeded under sail all night, no steam then being used. The amount of coal to handled be was very small, and there were only two or three buckets of ashes to empty daily. Finally they refused to work, yesterday, when the steamer was lying in Parker Sound. Two of them then took one of the boats, with mast and sail, and said they were going to wash clothes. At nightfall they had not returned and search was made for them. They returned next morning; their intention was to desert and make for the American shore, but the weather was too rough. But for the mutiny of these men the Thistle would not have come into Victoria, as the Maude was to take coal for her up to Uchucklesit. The four mutineers were paid off to-day.

In conversation with 1st officer Coveney this afternoon a TIMES reporter received all the information about the affair. "A more disagreeable gang of men I never sailed with," said Mr. Coveney. "They would not come on deck for nearly an hour after being ordered, and they would sulk and scamp their work. When the bunkers are once filled they will last for three weeks with all the steam we use, so, you see, there wasn't much to grumble about. They did nothing but kick and make trouble all the time. They had a soft time, fed on the best of everything and had only a two hours' watch. Then they kicked for a four hours' watch. They got that and then they kicked to get back to the two hours. There was also an agreement made in their favor that whatever the boats they were in took, they should have their full share, but nothing seemed to satisfy them at all, and things went from bad to worse until they quit altogether yesterday. You may know what kind of fellows they were when I tell you one of them was the man who bolted with a lot of the funds of the longshoremen's union a short time ago. The rest were much of the same stripe." An old white-haired whaler and sealer who was in the cabin at the time said: "I've been going to sea, sir, for over 30 years, and I'll say I never saw men better used. The grub they got was of the best. In fact good usage spoiled them."

Chief Eng. Smith said: "The men were used most kindly by the captain and officers and were fed on the best of victuals. They were too well off and did not know it."

Four men to supply the places of the strikers will be shipped here, and as soon as coal is taken aboard the Thistle will depart north.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

Mrs. C. Doering, of Vancouver, is in the city.

P. E. Ladner, of Ladners, is at the Oriental.

L. G. McPhillips, of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

R. H. Benedict leaves by the N.P.R. this evening for the east.

R. E. Gosnell and Wm. Webster, of Vancouver, are in the city.

Police Magistrate Atkinson, of New Westminster, was in the city to-day on legal business. He returns to-morrow morning.

Mr. Thos. Watchorn, of Merrickville, Ont., who has been visiting Victoria and the Sound cities during the past month, left for Vancouver and home last night.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

All kinds of cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

The Victoria Athletic Club's band will give an open air concert this evening.

Three complete lines of fine cut bar glassware at Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street.

Only one culprit has entered the cells since this morning's sitting of the police court and he was only a drunk.

When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache gum. Sold by all druggists.

Schooners Brenda, Annie C. Moore and Fawn are coaling at Broderick's wharf.

Several new patterns of room mouldings just received by Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street.

The Iolanthe Club gave their last dance of the season in Harmony Hall last evening.

A well selected stock of clothing and gents furnishings, also lease of first class premises, could be bought at easy terms. Apply P. O. box 519, city.

There was a fight in one of the Wharf street saloons last night in which a few of the participants received slight injuries.

Cambridge sausages, beef sausages, pork pies, boiled corn beef and ham, at Whitelaw & Co.'s, 125 Fort street.

The average citizen passed charily by the corner of View and Douglas this morning as if dreading another explosion that might accelerate his entrance into kingdom come.

British Columbia Business College 43 Government street. Business penmanship, book-keeping, arithmetic typewriting. Latest and best methods. Class for ladies. Call and see specimens. Satisfaction guaranteed.

The stiff breeze blowing in the harbor this morning half filled the canoe of an adventurous pair of Siwashes with the rolling wave and made them run for shore. Their canoe was an old stager with the nose eliminated.

Many beautiful photographs have been produced at the Queen's Art Studio, 43 Fort street. Do not fail to see the specimens in the windows, they are gems, both as photography and works of art. We recommend all to to the Queen's Art Studio.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

ATHLETICS.

At a meeting of the directors of the James Bay Athletic Association held last evening, it was decided to re-open the club rooms on the 4th of April. The collectors have succeeded in getting $4800 worth of stock subscribed of the required $5000. A committee was appointed to meet the Canoe club committee with a view to amalgamation. A meeting of the shareholders will be held on Tuesday evening next.

The members of the Victoria Athletic Club are practicing hard for the exhibition they intend giving in Assembly Hall on the 25th inst. There are over 100 members of the club, most of whom are taking an active interest in the exhibition which certainly ensures a grand success.

FOOT RACE.

A 100 yards race has been arranged between Alex. Gott of Nanaimo and Thos. Smith of San Francisco for $1000 aside. A forfeit of $500 has been placed in the hands of Jas. Cowie and the balance is to be put up on the day of the race. It is to take place at Beacon Hill on Saturday afternoon between two and five o'clock.

THE TURF.

The control of the Victoria Jockey Club's track and grounds has been placed in the hands of a committee consisting of Thos. Shaw, A. K. Munro, B. Gordon, D. R. Ker and R. Scarbrook. They will arrange a programme and attend to other business reporting to the executive at a meeting to be held next Monday evening.

PROGRAMME ARRANGED.

The committee appointed at the last meeting of the Victoria Jockey Club met last evening and arranged a programme for the club's spring meeting. It will not be made public until it has been accepted by the executive.

CANOEING.

A meeting of the newly formed Canoe Club will be held this evening when the committee appointed to meet the directors of the James Bay Athletic Club, will make their report.

WHEELING.

A meeting of the Island Wanderers will be held in the parlor of the American Hotel, Yates street, this evening. There is a lot of important business to come up.

Emperor William's Condition.

BERLIN, March 23.—Dr. Bergmann proposed a slight operation to relieve Emperor William of his aural affection, but His Majesty's physician declined to consent, believing the operation would only result in transferring the locality of the malady, which is now quiet. It is not true that anything serious is the matter with the Emperor.

NEW YORK, March 22.—The Staats Zeitung's Berlin correspondent declares there is not a word of truth in the report that the Emperor is seriously ill.

NEW YORK, March 23.—The Herald's special correspondent cables from Paris as follows: I am able to give you to-day news which is absolutely reliable regarding the Emperor's illness and the political crisis at Berlin. The Emperor has been in such a state of abnormal excitement for the past fortnight that he has shut himself in his private apartment, and has refused to grant an audience to anyone. The attacks of the press on the education bill and on the troubles in Berlin still arouse him to anger, but what has excited him more than anything else is a letter which he has received from a school fellow of the Cassel lyceum. The writer is now a professor at Tubingen, and has always kept on the best possible terms with the Emperor. In his letter he sharply criticizes the school bill and says the speech at Brandenburg would antagonize the Emperor's friends, who had placed all their hopes on him. The letter reached the Emperor on the 16th instant. A cabinet council was held on Thursday. During the session the Emperor did not say a word, and when he saw that his ministers were opposed to his plan he made a sign that he was willing to give it up. When, however, Caprivi said, "Your Majesty's order of the day has been passed," he arose and burst into a violent harangue, in which he insulted the ministers and used such bitter language toward Caprivi that in a visit to the latter, Prince Henry, the Emperor's brother, found it necessary to apologize for the sovereign's conduct. Caprivi still holds office, but he is very anxious to resign. The entire court insists that he shall remain at the head of affairs, at least until the Emperor's health is restored, and the Emperor himself is equally urgent, on the ground that a change would cause confusion in the foreign office. A Berlin dispatch says that the foreign situation has never been more disturbed. Here is the plain truth in regard to the Emperor's health. The official dispatches are right in saying the Emperor has a cold, but they omit to say the suppurating wound in his ear, which has been closed since October, suddenly re-opened recently, and a discharge began to flow, causing intense pain and rendering the Emperor so nervous that his physician found it necessary to prescribe for him an entire change of surroundings and solitude. He does not see anyone at the chateau at Hubertusstock. The Grand Duke Sergius of Russia passed yesterday through Berlin and asked to see the Emperor. He was told that the Emperor, in accordance with his physician's instructions, could not receive him. In well informed circles people are talking about the necessity for a regency, and among diplomats it is said that Prince Henry is becoming every day more popular. It is possible that the Emperor may return to Berlin, but he is certainly very ill now. The official world is beginning to be very uneasy. Fears are entertained that William may seek vent for his excitement outside of Germany, and the same fears are entertained in London.

DIED.

ALEXANDER—On the 21st inst., at Oak Bank Farm, Quamichan, Mr. David Alexander aged 74 years, a native of Forfarshire, Scotland, one of the first settlers in Cowichan District, and highly respected by all. The funeral will take place on Thursday the 24th inst., at 11 a.m.

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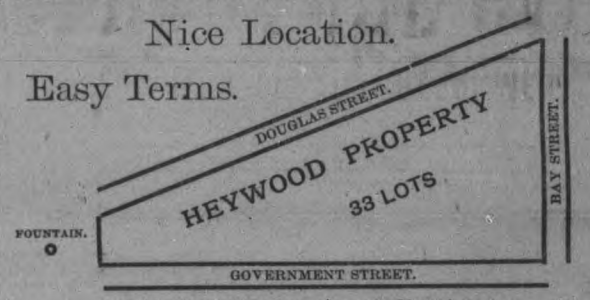

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